	PUBLIC SERVICE AGREEMENT PRIORITY	Performance data available	Current level of performance	Importance determined by lead delivery partner	Priority according to residents feedback	Partners can influence outcome	Appropriate national performance indicator available
PSA 1	Raise the productivity of the UK economy			-			
	Labour prodictivity (output per hour worked) over the economic cycle						
	International comparisons of labour productivity (per worker, per hour worked)						
	Improve the skills of the population, on the way to ensuring a world-class skills base by						
PSA 2	2020						
	Propoprtion of people of working age achieving functional literacy and numeracy skills						
	Proportion of working age adults qualified to at least full Level 2						
	Proportion of working age adults qualified to at least full Level 3						
	Proportion of apprentices who complete the full apprentice framework						
	Proportion of working age adults qualified to Level 4 and above						
	Higher education initial participation rate						
	Ensure controlled, fair migration that protects the public and contributes to economic						
PSA 3	growth						
	Deliver robust identity management systems at the UK border						
	Reduce the time to conclusion for asylum applications						
	Number of removals year-on-year						
	Number of 'harm' cases removed as a proportion of total cases removed						
	By effective management of migration, reduce the vacancy rate in shortage of occupations						
PSA 4	Promote world-class science and innovation in the UK						
	UK percentage of share of citations in the leading scientific journals						
	Income generated by UK Higher Education Institutions and Public Sector Research Establishments						
	through research consultancy and licensing of Intellectual property						
	Percentage of UK business with 10 or more employees 'innovation active'						
	Number of UK PhD completers in STEM subjects at UK Higher Education Institutions						
	Number of young people taking A-levels in Mathematics, Physics, Chemistry and Biological sciences						
	UK R&D intensity in the 6 most R&D intensive industries relative to other G7 economies						
PSA 5	Deliver reliable and efficient transport networks that support economic growth						
	Journey time on main roads to urban areas						
	Reliability on the strategic road network						
	Capacity and crowding on the rail network						
	Expected benefits of approved investments						
PSA 6	Deliver the conditions for business success in the UK						
	International comparisons of UK competition regime with the world's best						
	International comparisons of UK corporate governance regime with world's best						
	Assessment of UK labour market flexibility						
	International comparisons of UK industrial gas and electricity retail prices						
	Total cost/benefit ratio of new regulations						
	Percentage by which administrative burdens are reduced across government						
	Improve the economic performance of all English Regions and reduce the gap in economic						
PSA 7	growth rates between regions						
	Regional Gross Value Added (GVA) per head growth rates						

		Performance	Current level of	Importance determined by lead delivery	residents	influence	Appropriate national performance indicator
	PUBLIC SERVICE AGREEMENT PRIORITY	data available	performance	partner	feedback	outcome	available
	Regional GDP per head levels indexed to the EU15 average						
	Regional productivity as measured by GVA per hour worked indices						
	Regional employment rates						
PSA 8	Maximise employment opportunity for all						
	Overall employment rate taking account of economic cycle						
	Narrow the gap between the employment rates of the following disadvantaged groups with the overa	I					
	rate: disabled people; lone parents; ethnic minorities; people aged 50 and over; those with no						
	qualifications; and those living in the most deprived Local A						
	Number of people on working age out-of-work benefits						
	Amount of time people spend on out-of-work benefits						
	Halve the number of children in poverty by 2010-22, on the way to eradicating child poverty						
PSA 9	by 2020						
	Number of children in absolute low-income households						
	Number of children in relative low-income households						
	Number of children in relative low-income households and in material deprivation						
PSA 10	Raise the edication achievement of all children and young people						
	Attainment at early years foundation stage						
	Proportion achieving Level 4 in both English and Mathematics at Key Stage 2						
	Proportion achieving Level 4 in both English and Mathematics at Key Stage 3						
	Proprtion achieving five A*-C GCSE's (or equivalent) at Key Stage 4 including English and						
	Mathematics						
	Proportion of young people achieving Level 2 at age 19						
	Proportion of young people achieving Level 3 at age 19						
	Narrow the gap in educational achievement between from low income and disadvantaged						
PSA 11	backgrounds and their peers						
	Gap in attainment at early years foundation stage						
	Achievement gap between pupils eligible for Free School Meals and their peers at Key Stages 2 and 4						
	Proportion of pupils progressing by 2 Levels in English and Mathematics at each of Key Stages 2,3 and 4						
	Proportion of children in care at Key Stage 2 achieving Level 4 in English and Level 4 in Mathematica at Key Stage 2	\$					
<u> </u>	Proprtion of children in care achieving five A*-C GCSE's (or equivalent) at Key Stage 4						
5	Proportion of young people from low-income backgrounds progressing to higher education						
PSA 12	Improve the heatlh and well-being of children and young people						
PSA 12	Breastfeeding at six to eight weeks						
3	Take up of school lunches						
<u> </u>	Childhood obesity						
\$	Child emotional health and well-being						
3	Services for disabled children						
PSA 13	Improve children and young peoples safety						
õ	Children and young people who have experienced bullying						

	PUBLIC SERVICE AGREEMENT PRIORITY	Performance data available	of	Importance determined by lead delivery partner	Priority according to residents feedback	Partners can influence outcome	Appropriate national performance indicator available
Ĕ 	Initial assessments for childrens social care carried out within 7 days of referall						
Fairnes	Hospital admissions caused by unintentional and deliberate injuries to children and young people						
PSA 14	Preventable child deaths as recorded through child death review panel processes	_					
F3A 14	Increase the number of children and young people on the path to success						
	16 and 17 year olds not in education, employment or training						
	Young people participating in positive activities						
_	Young people frequently using drugs, alcohol or volatiles substances						
_	Under-18 conception rate						
_	First-time entrants to the Criminal Justice System aged 10-17						
	Address the disadvantage that individuals experiences because of their gender, race,						
PSA 15	disability, age, sexual orientation, religion or belief						
	Gender gap in hourly pay						
	Level of choice, control and flexibility to enable independent living						
	Participation in public life by women, ethnic minorities, disabled people and young people						
	Discrimination in employment						
	Fairness of treatment by services						
	Increase the proportion of socially exclused adults in settled accommodation and						
PSA 16	employment, education and training						
	Care leavers at 19 in suitable accommodation						
	Offenders under probation supervision and in settled and suitable accommodation						
	Adults in contact with secondary mental health services in settled accommodation						
	Adults with learning disabilities in settled accommodation						
	Care-leavers at 19 in education, training and employment						
	Offenders under probation supervision in employment						
	Adults in contact with secondary mental health services in employment						
	Adults with learning disabilities in employment						
PSA 17	Tackle poverty and promote greater independence and well-being in later life						
	Employment rate age 50-69: percentage difference between this and overall employment rate						
	Pensioner poverty						
	Healthy life-expectancy at age 65						
	Over 65's satisfied with home and neighbourhood						
	Over 65's supported to live independently						
PSA 18	Promote better health and well-being for all						
	All age, all cause (AAACM) mortality rate						
	Gap in AAACM mortality rate in disadvantaged areas						
	Smoking prevalence						
	Proportion of people supported to live independently						
	Access to psychological therapies						
PSA 19	Ensure better care for all						
	Patient/user experience						

		PUBLIC SERVICE AGREEMENT PRIORITY	Performance data available	Current level of performance	Importance determined by lead delivery partner	Priority according to residents feedback	Partners can influence outcome	Appropriate national performance indicator available
		Referral-to-treatment times:						
		i. admitted patients						
		ii.non-admitted patients						
		Percentage of women seeing a midwife by 12 weeks						
		People with long-term conditions supported to be independent and in control of their condition						
		Patient-reported experience of GP access						
		Healthcare acquired infection rates:						
		i. MRSA						
		ii.Clostridium Difficile						
PSA	A 20	Increase long-term housing supply and affordability						
		Net additional homes provided						
		Trends in affordability						
,e		Affordable homes delivered						
Life		Households in temporary accommodation						
™		Efficiency ratings of new homes						
£ 004	1 04	Adoption of development plan documents						
a Better Quality	A 21	Build more cohesive, empowered and active communities						
ĕ ∣		Percentage of people who believe people from different backgrounds get on well together in their						
je —		local area	1					
		Percentage of people who have meaningful interactions with people from different backgrounds Percentage of people who feel they can influence decisions in their locality						
<u>в</u> —		Percentage of people who feel that they belong to their neighbourhoods						
and		Thriving third sector						
<u>a</u>		Percentage of people who participate in culture or in sport	+					
es —		Deliver a successful Olympic Games and Paralympic Games with a sustainable lecacy and						
E 004	A 22	get more children and young people taking part in high quality PE and sport						
<u> </u>	7 22	Meet critical milestones for the venue and infrastructure						
풀		Maximising the physical, economic and social legacy of the Games	+					
Communities		Delivery of the Olympic Delivery Authority sustainability strategy	+			 		
		Numbers of people taking part in programmes associated with the Games	+					
ng —		Children and young peoples participation in sport						
Stronger	A 23	Make communities safer						
ν : 3,		Level of most serious violent crimes						
		Level of serious acquisitive crimes	1					
		Public confidence in local agencies involved in tackling crime and anti-social behaviour	†					
		Percentage of people perceiving anti-social behaviour as a problem	1			1		
		Level of proven re-offending by young and adult offenders	1					
		Level of serious re-offending	1					
		Deliver a more effective, transparent and responsive Criminal Justice System for victims						
PSA	٩ 24	and the public						
		Effectiveness and efficiency of the Criminal Justice System (CJS) in bringing offences to justice						
		Public confidence in the fairness and effectiveness of the CJS						

	PUBLIC SERVICE AGREEMENT PRIORITY Victim and witness satisfaction with the CJS and the police	Performance data available	of	Importance determined by lead delivery partner	Priority according to residents feedback	Partners can influence outcome	Appropriate national performance indicator available
	Understanding and addressing race disproportionality at key stages in the CJS						
	Recovery of criminal assests						
PSA 25	Reduce the harm caused by alcohol and drugs						
	Percentage change in the number of drug users recorded as being in effective treatment						
	Rate of hospital admissions per 100.000 for alcohol related harm						
	Rate of drug related offending						
	Percentage of the public who perceive drug use or dealing to be a problem in their area						
	Percentage of the public who perceive drunk and roudy behaviour to be a problem in their area						
PSA 26	Reduce the risk to the UK and its interests oversees from international terrorism						
	Indicators are classified						
PSA 27	Lead the global effort to avoid dangerous climate change						
1 011 = 1	Global CO2 emissions to 2050						
	Proportion of areas with sustainable abstraction of water						
	Size of the global carbon market						
	Total UK greenhouse gas and CO2 emissions						
	Greenhouse gas and CO2, intensity of the UK economy						
	Proportion of emission reductions from new policies below the Shadow Price of Carbon						
PSA 28	Secure a healthy natural environment for today and the future						
	Water quality						
	Biodiversity						
	Air quality (level of air quality - reduction in Nox and primary PM10 emissions through local authority						
	estates and operations)						
	Marine health						
	Land management: positive and negative impacts of farming						
	Reduce poverty in poorer countries through quicker progress towards Millenium						
PSA 29	Development Goals						
	Proportion of the population below US1\$ (PPP) per day						
	Net enrolment ratio in primary education						
	Ratio of girls to boys in primary, secondary and tertiary education						
	under-five mortality rate						
	Maternal mortality rate						
	HIV prevalence amoung 15-49 year old-people						
	Proportion of population with sustainable access to improved water source						
5	The value (in nominal terms), and proportion admitted free of duties, of developed countries imports						
8	(excluding arms and oil) from low income countries						
PSA 30	Reduce the impact of conflict through enhanced UK and international efforts						
PSA 30	Number of conflicts globally, in particular in sub-Saharan Africa, Europe, Central and South Asia, an the Middle East and North Africa	d					
	Impact of conflict in specific countries and regions (Afghanistan, Iraq, Balkans, Middle East, sierra Leone, DRC and the Great Lakes region, Horn of Africa, Nigeria and Sudan)						

							Appropriate
				Importance	Priority		national
			Current level	determined by	according to	Partners can	performance
		Performance	of	lead delivery	residents	influence	indicator
	PUBLIC SERVICE AGREEMENT PRIORITY	data available	performance	partner	feedback	outcome	available
	Moire effective international institutions, better able to provent, manage and resolve conflict and build						
	peace						
	More effective UK capability to prevent, manage and resolve conflict and build peace						