#### The Royal Borough of Kensington & Chelsea Local Development Framework Core Strategy Examination in Public

# RBKC Proposed amendments in response to third party statements $13^{th} \ August$

<u>Please note</u>: This schedule does not set out changes to the executive summary, which need to be made to be consistent with changes elsewhere in the plan. As the executive summary does not form part of the plan itself, the Council would like to reserve the ability to change that chapter at its discretion.

### <u>Week One</u> <u>Matter ONE</u> <u>Proposals tabled by RBKC prior to matter hearing</u>

	10 am – 1 pm (Approx)		
Week 1			
<b>Day 1</b> Tuesday 20 <sup>th</sup> July 2010	Matter 1 Vision & Objectives C1,CV1,CV11	Proposed changes by RBKC in response to statements	Notes from the hearings
	RBKC	None proposed through the hearing statements in addition to the changes already shown in the Submission CS.	None
	178257 DP9 for Brookfield Developments Did not attend hearing	None The comments were considered and some changes made (although not the specific changes sought) in the submission document.	None
	101812 The Chelsea Society Did not attend hearing	None: stemming population growth is not something we can address through planning. Over half the new homes are on large sites that will provide new infrastructure. C1 allows for the collection of contributions for social infrastructure from those and other sites.	None
	139439 DP9 for Capital & Counties	CV1 Accept introduction of Earl's Court along with Kensal and Latimer, but as part of opportunity area not regeneration area:	Change likely to be acceptable

		RBKC/18F
	" The deficiency in local shopping will have been addressed with two new town centres at Kensal and Latimer <u>and the Earl's Court</u> <u>Opportunity Area</u> "	to Capital and Counties: statement of common ground under discussion will confirm or amend.
	Suggest changing 'around' to 'at least' in relation to 2000 houses [Note: this is based on summing Warwick Rd Strategic Site Allocation with Earl's Court, and is not derived from the Earl's Court Opportunity Area in Draft Replacement London Plan]. " Earl's Court will remain an important cultural destination, as well as providing offices and <u>at least</u> <del>around</del> 2000 new dwellings on surrounding sites"	Capital and Counties sought further clarification that the 2000 are all in the Royal Borough. Council agreeable: statement of common ground under discussion will confirm wording.
197185 Kensington & Chelsea Social Council	Please note: statement of common ground has been agreed with the KCSC regarding public involvement in the LDF process.	
	Regarding health: CV1, add after first bullet point 'aiding better health': "stimulate regeneration in North Kensington through the provision of better transport better housing and better facilities, <u>aiding better</u> <u>health</u> ;"	KCSC accepted.
	Also note: Health impact assessment was undertaken prior to the publication of the CS. This issue was not raised at publication stage.	
	Regarding access – CO5 already includes the statement "inclusive for all", thus the statement that there are 'no proposals either in the vision or the COs to address disability issues' is untrue.	
	Regarding housing – incorrect to state that the policy is to 'place all affordable housing in the north of the borough' – policy CH2 specifically precludes this.	
	Regarding transport, the place sections already include provisions	

 		KBKU/18F
	to reduce the isolation of Kensal, Delgarno and Latimer. Access to hospitals in the south is also already noted in terms of the weak north- south bus routes. Regarding importance of social and community uses, the vision, in relation to residential quality of life refers to "facilitating local living", and there is a whole strategic objective on keeping life local, at the heart of which is social and community uses.	
179625 DP9 for Chelsfield Did not attend hearing	None. A statement of common ground has been offered. It is suggested that this matter might be better dealt with under Matter 7 in relation to CF5.	None
129913 The Golborne Forum	None	None
372420 Knightsbridge Association	None	None
175783 The Kensington Society	None	None
335612 The Norland Conservation Society	None This is addressed fully in Matter 8 Q 1	None
306971 Westway Development Trust	None	None
Did not attend hearing		

# Matter 1 cont: Changes sought during the hearing

Chapter/Section	Change Sought	Council response (or deadline by which response will be made)
General	Better signposting of the document	See separate document RBKC/30 LDF Index.
	Council to consider writing in some reference to localism	The Council has considered this, but concluded that it is not appropriate for the Core Strategy.
Chapter 1	New paragraph agreed needed to explain the Core Strategy may need an early review, subject to the result of the London Plan EiP	The Council agrees to the following wording; "1.2.8 The Consultation draft replacement <u>London</u> Plan, <u>was</u>

#### **RBKC/18F** published in October 2009, The Examination in Public of the London Plan is taking place in the summer and autumn of 2010. It is likely that the adoption of the Core Strategy for the Royal Borough will precede the adoption of the revised London Plan. In the event that the revised London Plan when adopted differs to any large extent from the draft, such that the Royal Borough's Core Strategy would no longer be in 'general conformity', and early review of the relevant parts of the Royal Borough's Core Strategy would be undertaken. The revised London Plan proposes some changes that are particularly relevant to the Borough..." CV1 Council to check regarding inclusion Council agrees to this change: of Golborne with to Portobello in "... The unique character of North Kensington section Golborne and Portobello Roads will have flourished, including the antiques and street markets, adding to the vitality of the area..." Council to consider potential of The Council agrees to insert including ref to social infrastructure text at the end of the third provision bullet point of the Vision: "uphold our residential quality of life so that we remain the best place in which to live in London, through cherishing quality in the built environment, acting on environmental issues and facilitating local living, including through strengthening neighbourhood centres and maintaining and updating social infrastructure." Council to consider reference to The Council agrees to the neighbourhood centres in last following change: "Our section of Vision (see KS statement) residential quality of life will

 		RBKC/18F
		be improved for everyone and we will remain the best place to live in London with <u>our</u> <u>network of local</u> <u>neighbourhood centres</u> <u>offering a wide range of</u> <u>everyday services within easy</u> <u>walking distance</u> , our glorious built heritage protected and improved etc etc"
	Council asked to consider inclusion of equalities in the vision	The Council have considered this but concluded the matter is adequately dealt with elsewhere.
	Council agreed to clarify that 2,000 homes are to be delivered in the Earl's Court 'Place', not the Opportunity Area. Council to refer to the new town centre (This is not a designation, but a generic reference to the centre).	Earl's Court will remain an important cultural destination, as well as providing offices, and at least around 2,000 new homes within the Borough and a new town centre to address local shopping deficiency within the Opportunity Area dwellings on surrounding sites.
Section 4.3	Council to include in this section reference to plan phasing	The Council agree to the following text changes <b>"4.3 Broad Quanta of</b> <b>Development</b> <b>4.3.1</b> This section sets out <b>geographically</b> how much housing, retail, employment and infrastructure is expected in different parts of the Borough, and when it is likely <u>to come forward</u> .
		<b>4.3.2</b> The Borough has to provide a minimum of 3,500 homes between 2007/8 and 2016/7 - or 350 units a year. This <b>housing target</b> is set out in the London Plan. The revised London Plan, issued for public consultation in October 2009, raises this figure to 585. This is not yet an agreed target, and will not be until the <del>the</del> Examination in Public into the revised London Plan has concluded"

RBKC/18F
And also
<b>"4.3.4</b> In broad spatial terms, half of this housing will be
located in the north of the
Borough, and half in the Earl's
Court area, on the western
borough boundary. The
housing in the north is
expected to be spread evenly
over the plan period. <u>The</u>
redevelopment of Wornington
Green will take place up to
about 2020, with the first
phase being completed by
2015. Planning consent for this
redevelopment was granted in
March 2010. At Kensal, phase
<u>1 is expected to be developed</u>
before 2017, with phase 2 following on to 2027, in the
<u>following on to 2027.</u> In the Earl's Court area, the vast
majority is expected in the
first half of the plan period.
The Warwick Road sites are at
an advanced stage of
negotiation – some sites have
Planning Permission, others
are at the stage of pre-
application discussion. It is
therefore expected that these
sites will be built out in the
next 5-10 years. Likewise, it is
expected that the
redevelopment of the Earl's
<u>Court Exhibition Centre site</u> will start in 2013. The whole
development will take many
years, but it expected that the
part of the site within the
Borough will be towards the
beginning of the phasing
programme.
4.3.5 In terms of business
uses, the Employment Land
and Premises Study shows
there is a forecast demand of
just short of 70,000m2
(750,000 ft <sup>2</sup> ) of net additional
space in the plan period. Of
this, just over 45,000m2
(484,000 ft²) is in the pipeline
in existing permissions. <u>If</u>

	RBKC/18F
	office demand is phased
	evenly over the plan period,
	this level of building will meet
	office demand until 2017.
	That leaves approximately 20-
	25,000m2 (269,000 ft <sup>2</sup> ) of
	office floorspace to be
	provided for. Much of this is to
	be located at Kensal and Earl's
	Court. Further work may
	reveal that there is a greater
	capacity for office uses in
	these locations. <u>There is</u> ,
	however, no provision in the
	plan (nor does the Council
	wish there to be) to require
	office provision to be provided
	strictly in line with a periodic
	phasing: it is not desirable to
	close off opportunities for the
	provision of business uses
	early in the plan period simply
	because of a theoretical
	phasing approach.
	4.3.6 The Retail Needs
	Assessment identifies a need
	for just over 25,000m2
	(269,000 ft <sup>2</sup> ) (gross) of
	comparison <b>retail floorspace</b>
	to 2015 for the south of the
	Borough. Very little of this is
	forecast to be required in the
	centre and north of the
	Borough. A proportion of this
	would be accommodated by
	making better use of existing
	premises and sites and filling
	vacant units. In terms of new
	sites, there are no large sites
	for retail development
	identified in the plan that
	could be regarded as
	'strategic'. It is thus not
	appropriate for them to be
	allocated in the Core Strategy.
	However, in Knightsbridge,
	South Kensington, Brompton
	Cross and the King's Road a
	number of smaller sites have
	been identified (not allocated)
	with the potential for ground
	floor retail in the <i>Place Profiles</i>
	-
	(see below). In total, the

combined site area amounts         combined site area         construction		RBKC/18F
<ul> <li>f<sup>+</sup>). It is therefore anvisaged that the identified demand can be accommodated within or immediately adjacent to existing centres. Eloor area forecasts are noticulded in the plan for the period beyond 2015. because of the uncertainty of such projections.</li> <li><b>4.3.7</b> Turning to infrastructure, the Council is planning for a Crossrail Station at Kensal, which would transform accessibility in the north of the Borough, as well as unlock significant development potential on the Kensal Gas Works Sites. Crossral is Stimetable to open in 2012. A new academy to serve the communities of North Kensington will also be built in the north of the Borough, to copen dring 2014. Thanks Water is planning to reserve the communities of North Kensington will also be current flooding issues, although this will not start construction programme. However, much of the work is taking place in neighbouring boroughs. In the interim Thames Water resplanning to undertake a major boundary), to resolve current flooding issues, although this will not start construction programme. However, much of the work is taking place in dighbouring boroughs. In the interim Thames Water resplanning to undertake and 2002, although there is insufficient detail at present to know when the work will be undertake in the hoyal</li> </ul>		combined site area amounts
that the identified demand can be accommodated within or immediately adjacent to existing centres. Roor area forereasts are not included in the plan for the period beyond 2015. because of the uncertainty of such projections. 4.3.7 Turning to infarstructure, the Council is planning for a Crossrall Station at Kensal, with would transform accessibility in the north of the Borough, as well as unlock significant development potential on the Kensal, with would transform accessibility in the north of the Borough, as well as Unick significant development potential on the Kensal as Works Sites. Crossrall is timetablet to come in 2017. A new academy to serve the communities of North Kensington will also be built in the north of the Borough, to open during 2015. and is ilkely to be a 3 year construction until 2015. and is ilkely to be a 3 year construction until 2015. and is it taking place in neighbouring boroughs. In the interim Thames Water is planned to undertake an interim thames vater are fitting flip valves' to vulnerable properties. In addition, work is planned to the Thames Tundel to address London-wide infrastructure needs, with planned to know when the work will be		to about 21,000m2 (210,000
<ul> <li>can be accomposated within or immediately adjacent to existing centres. Figor area for ecasts are not included in the plan for the period beyond 2015, because of the uncertainty of such projections.</li> <li>4.3.7 Turning to infrastructure, the Council's planning for a Crossrall Station at Kensal, which would transform accessibility in the transform accessibility of the Borough, as well as unlock significant development potential on the Kensal Gaw Mork Sites. Crossrall is timetabled to open in 2017. A new academy to serve the communities of North Kensington will also be built in the north of the Borough, to open during 2014. Thanes Water is planning to undertake a major upgrade of the Counters Creek Sewer (which runs along the wester and), to resolve current flooding issues, although this value of the stating place in neighbouring is taking place in neighbouring is taking place in the interim Thanes Water are fitting 'flip valve's to vulnerable</li> <li>by progenties. In the ditting disc between 2013 and 2010, although there is insufficient development to kending place in disclose to major upgrade of the context of the stating place in neighbouring is built in the neighbouring is a sear construction programme. However, nucl of the work of the stating place is neighbouring between 2013 and 2020, although there is insufficient detail at present to know when the work will be</li> </ul>		ft <sup>2</sup> ). It is therefore envisaged
or immediately adjacent to existing centres. Floor area forecasts are not included in the plan for the period beyond 2015. because of the uncertainty of such projections. <b>1.3.7</b> Turning to <b>1.17</b> fastructure, the Council is planning for a Crossrall Station at Kensal, which would transform accessibility in the north of the Borough, as well as unlock significant development potential on the Kensal Gas Works Sites. <b>Crossrall is timetabled</b> to open in 2017. A new academy to server the communities of North Kensington will also be built in the north of the Borough, to open during 2014 . Thames Water is planning to undertake a major upgrade of the Counters Creek Server (which runs along the western Borough), to resolve current flooding issues, although this will not start construction programme. However, much of the works is taking place in neighbouring boroughs. In the Interim Thames Water are fitting 'flip Thames Water are fitting 'flip Thames Under Thung flip elveves to culmerable undertake an inthe Royal		that the identified demand
existing centres. Floor area forecasts are not included in the plan for the period beyond 2015, because of the uncertainty of such projections. 4.3.7 Turning to infrastructure, the Council is planning for a Crossral Station at Kensal, which would transform accessibility in the north of the Borough, as well as unlock significant development potential on the Kensal Gas Works Sites. Crossral is timetabled to open in 2017. A new academy to serve the communities of North Kensington will also be built in the north of the Borough, to open during 2014 . Thares Water is planning to undertake a major upgrade of the Counter S Creek Sewer (which runs along the western Borough soundary), to resolve current flooding lisues, although this will not start construction until 2015, and is likely to be a y ear construction programme. However, much of the work, and is planned to the Thames Tunnel to address London-wide in frastructure needs, with planned to the Thames Tunnel to address London-wide in frastructure needs, with plannet to the Thames Tunnel to address London-wide in dation taking place between 2013 and 2020, although there is insufficient detail at present to know when the work will be		can be accommodated within
existing centres. Floor area forecasts are not included in the plan for the period beyond 2015, because of the uncertainty of such projections. 4.3.7 Turning to infrastructure, the Council is planning for a Crossral Station at Kensal, which would transform accessibility in the north of the Borough, as well as unlock significant development potential on the Kensal Gas Works Sites. Crossral is timetabled to open in 2017. A new academy to serve the communities of North Kensington will also be built in the north of the Borough, to open during 2014 . Thares Water is planning to undertake a major upgrade of the Counter S Creek Sewer (which runs along the western Borough soundary), to resolve current flooding lisues, although this will not start construction until 2015, and is likely to be a y ear construction programme. However, much of the work, and is planned to the Thames Tunnel to address London-wide in frastructure needs, with planned to the Thames Tunnel to address London-wide in frastructure needs, with plannet to the Thames Tunnel to address London-wide in dation taking place between 2013 and 2020, although there is insufficient detail at present to know when the work will be		or immediately adjacent to
forecasts are not included in the plan for the period beyond 2015, because of the uncertainity of such projections.         4.3.7 Turning to infrastructure, the Council is planning for a Crossrail Station at Kensal, which would transform accessibility in the north of the Borough, as well as unlock significant development potential on the Kensal Gas Works Sites.         Crossrail is timetabled to open in 2017, A new academy to serve the communities of North Kensington will also be built in the north of the Borough, to open during 2014 . Thames Water is planning to undertake a major ungrade of the Counters Creek Sever (which runs along the western Borough boundary), to resolve current flording issues, although this will not start construction until 2015, and is likely to be a 3 year construction until 2015, and is likely to be a 3 year to address London-wide infrastructure needs, with construction taking place in enterim Thames Yuter are fitting 'flip valves' to vulnerable planned to the Thames Turnel to address London-wide infrastructure needs, with construction taking place in sufficient detail at present to know when the work will be undertaken in the Royal		existing centres. Floor area
2015. Because of the uncertainty of such uncertainty of such projections.         4.3.7 Turning to infrastructure, the Council is planning for a Crossrail Station at Kensal, which would transform accessibility in the north of the Borough, as well as unlock significant development potential on the Kensal Gas Works Sites.         Crossrail is timetabled to open in 2017. A new academy to serve the communities of North Kensington will also be built in the north of the Borough, to open during 2014. Tharmes Water is planning to undertake a major upgrade of the Counters Creek Sewer (which runs along the western Borough boundary), to resolve current flooding issues, although this will not start construction undig issues, although this will not start construction programme. However, much of the work is taking place in neighbouring boroughs. In the interim Thames Water are fitting 'ffing planned to the Thames Turned in finfastructure needs, with construction taking place in the interim although there is insufficient detail at present to know when the work will be undertaken in the Royal		forecasts are not included in
uncertainty of such projections.         4.3.7 Turning to infrastructure, the Council is planning for a Crossrail Station at Rensal, which would transform accessibility in the north of the Borough, as well as unlock significant development potential on the Kensal Gas Works Sites. Crossrail is timetabled to open in 2017. A new academy to serve the communities of North Kensington will also be built in the north of the Borough, to open during 2014. . Thames Water is planning to undertake a major upgrade of the Counters Creek Sewer (which runs along the western Borough boundary), to resolve current flooding issues, although this will not start construction programme. However, much of the work is taking place in neighbouring boroughs, in the interim Thames Water ar fitting. flip rungerties. In addition, work is planned to the Thames Turnel to address London-wide infrastructure needs, with construction taking place between 2013 and 2020. although there is insufficient defail at present to know when the work will be		the plan for the period beyond
Image: Construction of the information		2015, because of the
<ul> <li>4.3.7 Turning to infrastructure, the Council is planning for a Crossrail Station at Kensal, which would transform accessibility in the north of the Borough, as well as unlock significant development potential on the Kensal Gas Works Sites.</li> <li>Crossrail is timetabled to open in 2012, A new academy to serve the communities of North Kensington will also be built in the north of the Borough, to open during 2014</li> <li>Thames Water is planning to undertake a major upgrade of the Counters Creek Sewer (which runs along the western Borough boundary), to resolve current flooding issues, although this will not start construction until 2015, and is likely to be a 3 year construction until 2015, and is likely to be a 3 year construction grogramme. However, much of the work is taking place in neiphbouring boroughs. In the interim Thames Water are fitting filip valves' to vulnerable properties. In addition, work is planned to the Thames Turnel to address London-wide infrastructure needs, with construction taking place between 2013 and 2020, although there is insufficient detail at present to know when the work will be</li> </ul>		uncertainty of such
infrastructure, the Council is planning for a Crossrail Station at Kensai, which would transform accessibility in the north of the Borough, as well as unlock significant development potential on the Kensal Gas Works Sites. <u>Crossrail is timetabled to open</u> in 2017. A new academy to serve the commutiles of North Kensington will also be built in the north of the Borough, to open during 2014 . Thames Water is planning to undertake a major upgrade of the Counters Creek Sewer (which runs along the western Borough boundary), to resolve current flooding issues, although this will not start construction programme. However, much of the work is taking place in neighbouring boroughs. In the interim Thames Water are fitting 'flip valves' to vulnerable properties. In addition, work is planned to the Thames Tunnel to address London-wide infrastructure needs, with construction taking place between 2013 and 2020, although there is insufficient detail at present to know when the work will be undertaken in the Royal		projections.
infrastructure, the Council is planning for a Crossrail Station at Kensai, which would transform accessibility in the north of the Borough, as well as unlock significant development potential on the Kensal Gas Works Sites. <u>Crossrail is timetabled to open</u> in 2017. A new academy to serve the commutiles of North Kensington will also be built in the north of the Borough, to open during 2014 . Thames Water is planning to undertake a major upgrade of the Counters Creek Sewer (which runs along the western Borough boundary), to resolve current flooding issues, although this will not start construction programme. However, much of the work is taking place in neighbouring boroughs. In the interim Thames Water are fitting 'flip valves' to vulnerable properties. In addition, work is planned to the Thames Tunnel to address London-wide infrastructure needs, with construction taking place between 2013 and 2020, although there is insufficient detail at present to know when the work will be undertaken in the Royal		
planning for a Crossrail Station at Kensal, which would transform accessibility in the north of the Borough, as well as unlock significant development potential on the Kensal Gas Works Sites. <u>Crossrail is timetabled to open</u> in 2017. A new academy to serve the communities of North Kensington will also be built in the north of the Borough, to open during 2014 . Thames Water is planning to undertake a major upgrade of the Counters Creek Sewer (which runs along the western Borough boundary), to resolve current flooding issues, although this will not start construction until 2015, and is likely to be a 3 year construction programme. However, much of the mowrk is taking place in neightouring boroughs. In the interim Thames Water are fitting 'flip valves' to vulnerable properties. In addition, work is planned to the Thames Tunnel to address London-wide infrastructure needs, with construction taking place between 2013 and 2020. although there is insufficient detail at present to know when the work will be undertaken in the Royal		<b>4.3.7</b> Turning to
at Kensäl, which would transform accessibility in the north of the Borough, as well as unlock significant development potential on the Kensal Gas Works Sites. Crossrail is timetabled to open in 2017. A new academy to serve the communities of North Kensington will also be built in the north of the Borough, to open during 2014 . Thames Water is planning to undertake a major upgrade of the Counters Creek Sewer (which runs along the western Borough boundary), to resolve current flooding issues, although this will not start construction until 2015, and is likely to be a 3 year construction programme. However, much of the work is taking place in neighbouring boroughs. In the interim Thames Water are fitting 'flip valves' to vulnerable properties. In addition, work is planned to the Thames Tunnel to address London-wide infrastructure needs, with construction taking place between 2013 and 2020, although there is insufficient detail at present to know when the work will be undertaken in the Royal		infrastructure, the Council is
transform accessibility in the north of the Borough, as well as unlock significant development potential on the Kensal Gas Works Sites. Crossrail is timetabled to open in 2017. A new academy to serve the communities of North Kensington will also be built in the north of the Borough, to open during 2014 . Thames Water is planning to undertake a major upgrade of the Counters Creek Sewer (which runs along the western Borough boundary), to resolve current flooding issues, although this will not start construction until 2015, and is likely to be a 3 year construction programme. However, much of the work is taking place in neighbouring broughs. In the interim Thames Water are fitting 'flip valves' to unlerable properties. In addition, work is planned to the Thames Tunnel to address London-wide infrastructure needs, with construction taking place between 2013 and 2020, although there is insufficient detail at present to know when the work will be undertaken in the Royal		planning for a Crossrail Station
north of the Borough, as well as unlock significant development potential on the Kensal Gas Works Sites. <u>Crossrall is timetabled to open</u> in 2017. A new academy to serve the communities of North Kensington will also be built in the north of the Borough, to open during 2014. Thames Water is planning to undertake a major upgrade of the Counters Creek Sewer (which runs along the western Borough boundary), to resolve current flooding issues, although this will not start construction until 2015, and is likely to be a 3 year construction programme. However, much of the work is taking place in neighbouring boroughs. In the interim Thames Water are fitting 'flip valves' to vulnerable properties. In addition, work is planned to the Thames Tunnel to address London-wide infrastructure needs, with construction taking place between 2013 and 2020, although there is insufficient detail at present to know when the work will be undertaken in the Royal		at Kensal, which would
as unlock significant development potential on the Kensal Gas Works Sites. Crossrail is timetabled to open in 2017, A new academy to serve the communities of North Kensington will also be built in the north of the Borough, to open during 2014 . Thames Water is planning to undertake a major upgrade of the Counters Creek Sewer (which runs along the western Borough boundary), to resolve current flooding issues, although this will not start construction until 2015, and is likely to be a 3 year construction until 2015, and is likely to be a 3 year construction programme. However, much of the work is taking place in neighbouring boroughs. In the interim Thames Water are fitting 'flip valves' to vulnerable properties. In addition, work is planned to the Thames Tunnel to address London-wide infrastructure needs, with construction taking place between 2013 and 2020, although there is insufficient detail at present to know when the work will be undertaken in the Royal		transform accessibility in the
development potential on the Kensal Gas Works Sites. Crossrail is timetabled to open in 2017. A new academy to serve the communities of North Kensington will also be built in the north of the Borough, to open during 2014 . Thames Water is planning to undertake a major upgrade of the Counters Creek Sewer (which runs along the western Borough boundary), to resolve current flooding issues, although this will not start construction until 2015, and is likely to be a 3 year construction programme. However, much of the work is taking place in neighbouring boroughs. In the interim Thames Water are fitting 'flip valves' to vulnerable properties. In addition, work is planned to the Thames Tunnel to address London-wide infrastructure needs, with construction taking place between 2013 and 2020, although there is insufficient detail at present to know when the work will be undertaken in the Royal		north of the Borough, as well
Kensal Gas Works Sites.         Crossrall is timetabled to open in 2017. A new academy to serve the communities of North Kensington will also be built in the north of the Borough, to open during 2014         Thames Water is planning to undertake a major upgrade of the Counters Creek Sewer (which runs along the western Borough boundary), to resolve current flooding issues_ although this will not start construction until 2015, and is likely to be a 3 year construction programme.         However, much of the work is taking place in neighbouring boroughs. In the interim Thames Water are fitting 'flip yalves' to vulnerable properties. In addition, work is planned to the Thames Lunnel to address London-wide infrastructure needs, with construction taking place between 2013 and 2020, although there is insufficient detail at present to know when the work will be undertaken in the Royal		-
Crossrail is timetabled to open in 2017, A new academy to serve the communities of North Kensington will also be built in the north of the Borough, to open during 2014         Thames Water is planning to undertake a major upgrade of the Counters Creek Sewer (which runs along the western Borough boundary), to resolve current flooding issues, although this will not start construction until 2015, and is likely to be a 3 year construction programme.         However, much of the work is taking place in neighbouring boroughs. In the interim Thames Water are fitting 'flip valves' to vulnerable properties. In addition, work is planned to the Thames Tunnel to address London-wide infrastructure needs, with construction taking place between 2013 and 2020, although there is insufficient detail at present to know when the work will be undertaken in the Royal		• •
in 2017. A new academy to serve the communities of North Kensington will also be built in the north of the Borough, to open during 2014         . Thames Water is planning to undertake a major upgrade of the Counters Creek Sewer (which runs along the western Borough boundary), to resolve current flooding issues, although this will not start construction until 2015, and is likely to be a 3 year construction programme. However, much of the work is taking place in neighbouring boroughs. In the interim Thames Water are fitting 'flip valves' to vulnerable properties. In addition, work is planned to the Thames Tunnel to address London-wide infrastructure needs, with construction taking place between 2013 and 2020, although there is insufficient detail at present to know when the work will be undertaken in the Royal		
serve the communities of North Kensington will also be built in the north of the Borough, to open during 2014 . Thames Water is planning to undertake a major upgrade of the Counters Creek Sewer (which runs along the western Borough boundary), to resolve current flooding issues, although this will not start construction until 2015, and is likely to be a 3 year construction until 2015, and is taking place in neighbouring boroughs. In the interim Thames Water are fitting 'flip valves' to vulnerable properties. In addition, work is planned to the Thames Tunnel to address London-wide infrastructure needs, with construction taking place between 2013 and 2020, although there is insufficient detail at present to know when the work will be undertaken in the Royal		
North Kensington will also be built in the north of the Borough, to open during 2014 . Thames Water is planning to undertake a major upgrade of the Counters Creek Sewer (which runs along the western Borough boundary), to resolve current flooding issues, although this will not start construction until 2015, and is likely to be a 3 year construction programme. However, much of the work is taking place in neighbouring boroughs. In the interim Thames Water are fitting 'flip valves' to vulnerable properties. In addition, work is planned to the Thames Tunnel to address London-wide infrastructure needs, with construction taking place between 2013 and 2020, although there is insufficient detail at present to know when the work will be undertaken in the Royal		-
built in the north of the Borough, to open during 2014 . Thames Water is planning to undertake a major upgrade of the Counters Creek Sewer (which runs along the western Borough boundary), to resolve current flooding issues, although this will not start construction until 2015, and is likely to be a 3 year construction programme. However, much of the work is taking place in neighbouring boroughs. In the interim Thames Water are fitting 'flip valves' to vulnerable properties. In addition, work is planned to the Thames Tunnel to address London-wide infrastructure needs, <u>with</u> construction taking place between 2013 and 2020, although there is insufficient detail at present to know when the work will be undertaken in the Royal		
Borough, <u>to open during 2014</u> . Thames Water is planning to undertake a major upgrade of the Counters Creek Sewer (which runs along the western Borough boundary), to resolve current flooding issues, although this will not start construction until 2015, and is likely to be a 3 year construction programme. However, much of the work is taking place in neighbouring boroughs. In the interim Thames Water are fitting 'flip valves' to vulnerable properties. In addition, work is planned to the Thames Tunnel to address London-wide infrastructure needs, <u>with</u> construction taking place between 2013 and 2020, although there is insufficient detail at present to know when the work will be undertaken in the Royal		-
. Thames Water is planning to undertake a major upgrade of the Counters Creek Sewer (which runs along the western Borough boundary), to resolve current flooding issues, although this will not start construction until 2015, and is likely to be a 3 year construction programme. However, much of the work is taking place in neighbouring boroughs. In the interim Thames Water are fitting 'flip valves' to vulnerable properties. In addition, work is planned to the Thames Tunnel to address London-wide infrastructure needs, with construction taking place between 2013 and 2020, although there is insufficient detail at present to know when the work will be undertaken in the Royal		
undertake a major upgrade of the Counters Creek Sewer (which runs along the western Borough boundary), to resolve current flooding issues, although this will not start construction until 2015, and is likely to be a 3 year construction programme. However, much of the work is taking place in neighbouring boroughs. In the interim Thames Water are fitting 'flip valves' to vulnerable properties. In addition, work is planned to the Thames Tunnel to address London-wide infrastructure needs, with construction taking place between 2013 and 2020, although there is insufficient detail at present to know when the work will be undertaken in the Royal		
the Counters Creek Sewer (which runs along the western Borough boundary), to resolve current flooding issues, although this will not start construction until 2015, and is likely to be a 3 year construction programme. However, much of the work is taking place in neighbouring boroughs. In the interim Thames Water are fitting 'flip valves' to vulnerable properties. In addition, work is planned to the Thames Tunnel to address London-wide infrastructure needs, with construction taking place between 2013 and 2020, although there is insufficient detail at present to know when the work will be undertaken in the Royal		
(which runs along the western Borough boundary), to resolve current flooding issues, although this will not start construction until 2015, and is likely to be a 3 year construction programme. However, much of the work is taking place in neighbouring boroughs. In the interim Thames Water are fitting 'flip valves' to vulnerable properties. In addition, work is planned to the Thames Tunnel to address London-wide infrastructure needs, with construction taking place between 2013 and 2020, although there is insufficient detail at present to know when the work will be undertaken in the Royal		
Borough boundary), to resolve current flooding issues, although this will not start construction until 2015, and is likely to be a 3 year construction programme. However, much of the work is taking place in neighbouring boroughs. In the interim Thames Water are fitting 'flip valves' to vulnerable properties. In addition, work is planned to the Thames Tunnel to address London-wide infrastructure needs, with construction taking place between 2013 and 2020, although there is insufficient detail at present to know when the work will be undertaken in the Royal		
current flooding issues, although this will not start construction until 2015, and is likely to be a 3 year construction programme. However, much of the work is taking place in neighbouring boroughs. In the interim Thames Water are fitting 'flip valves' to vulnerable properties. In addition, work is planned to the Thames Tunnel to address London-wide infrastructure needs, with construction taking place between 2013 and 2020, although there is insufficient detail at present to know when the work will be undertaken in the Royal		_
although this will not start         construction until 2015, and is         likely to be a 3 year         construction programme.         However, much of the work is         taking place in neighbouring         boroughs. In the interim         Thames Water are fitting 'flip         valves' to vulnerable         properties. In addition, work is         planned to the Thames Tunnel         to address London-wide         infrastructure needs, with         construction taking place         between 2013 and 2020,         although there is insufficient         detail at present to know         when the work will be         undertaken in the Royal		
construction until 2015, and is         likely to be a 3 year         construction programme.         However, much of the work is         taking place in neighbouring         boroughs. In the interim         Thames Water are fitting 'flip         valves' to vulnerable         properties. In addition, work is         planned to the Thames Tunnel         to address London-wide         infrastructure needs, with         construction taking place         between 2013 and 2020,         although there is insufficient         detail at present to know         when the work will be         undertaken in the Royal		
likely to be a 3 year         construction programme.         However, much of the work is         taking place in neighbouring         boroughs. In the interim         Thames Water are fitting 'flip         valves' to vulnerable         properties. In addition, work is         planned to the Thames Tunnel         to address London-wide         infrastructure needs, with         construction taking place         between 2013 and 2020,         although there is insufficient         detail at present to know         when the work will be         undertaken in the Royal		
construction programme.         However, much of the work is         taking place in neighbouring         boroughs. In the interim         Thames Water are fitting 'flip         valves' to vulnerable         properties. In addition, work is         planned to the Thames Tunnel         to address London-wide         infrastructure needs, with         construction taking place         between 2013 and 2020,         although there is insufficient         detail at present to know         when the work will be         undertaken in the Royal		
However, much of the work is         taking place in neighbouring         boroughs. In the interim         Thames Water are fitting 'flip         valves' to vulnerable         properties.         planned to the Thames Tunnel         to address London-wide         infrastructure needs, with         construction taking place         between 2013 and 2020,         although there is insufficient         detail at present to know         when the work will be         undertaken in the Royal		
taking place in neighbouring         boroughs. In the interim         Thames Water are fitting 'flip         valves' to vulnerable         properties. In addition, work is         planned to the Thames Tunnel         to address London-wide         infrastructure needs, with         construction taking place         between 2013 and 2020,         although there is insufficient         detail at present to know         when the work will be         undertaken in the Royal		
boroughs. In the interim Thames Water are fitting 'flip valves' to vulnerable properties. In addition, work is planned to the Thames Tunnel to address London-wide infrastructure needs, with construction taking place between 2013 and 2020, although there is insufficient detail at present to know when the work will be undertaken in the Royal		
Thames Water are fitting 'flip         valves' to vulnerable         properties.         planned to the Thames Tunnel         to address London-wide         infrastructure needs, with         construction taking place         between 2013 and 2020,         although there is insufficient         detail at present to know         when the work will be         undertaken in the Royal		
valves' to vulnerable         properties.         properties.         planned to the Thames Tunnel         to address London-wide         infrastructure needs, with         construction taking place         between 2013 and 2020,         although there is insufficient         detail at present to know         when the work will be         undertaken in the Royal		
properties. In addition, work is planned to the Thames Tunnel to address London-wide infrastructure needs, <u>with</u> <u>construction taking place</u> <u>between 2013 and 2020,</u> <u>although there is insufficient</u> <u>detail at present to know</u> <u>when the work will be</u> <u>undertaken in the Royal</u>		
planned to the Thames Tunnel to address London-wide infrastructure needs, <u>with</u> <u>construction taking place</u> <u>between 2013 and 2020,</u> <u>although there is insufficient</u> <u>detail at present to know</u> <u>when the work will be</u> <u>undertaken in the Royal</u>		
to address London-wide infrastructure needs, <u>with</u> <u>construction taking place</u> <u>between 2013 and 2020,</u> <u>although there is insufficient</u> <u>detail at present to know</u> <u>when the work will be</u> <u>undertaken in the Royal</u>		
infrastructure needs, <u>with</u> <u>construction taking place</u> <u>between 2013 and 2020,</u> <u>although there is insufficient</u> <u>detail at present to know</u> <u>when the work will be</u> <u>undertaken in the Royal</u>		•
construction taking placebetween 2013 and 2020,although there is insufficientdetail at present to knowwhen the work will beundertaken in the Royal		
between 2013 and 2020, although there is insufficient detail at present to know when the work will be undertaken in the Royal		
although there is insufficient detail at present to know when the work will be undertaken in the Royal		
detail at present to know when the work will be undertaken in the Royal		
when the work will be undertaken in the Royal		
undertaken in the Royal		-
		Borough. A new area of public

	RBKC/18F
	open space is to be provided
	in the Earl's Court area as part
	of the Warwick Road
	developments which are likely
	to be built out in the next 5-10
	years. The Council is also
	undertaking a radical redesign
	of Exhibition Road to be
	implemented before 2012. A
	great deal of smaller
	infrastructure is required, and
	is set out elsewhere in Chapter
	37."
	Definition of 'flip valves' to be
	included in the Glossary.

### <u>Matter TWO:</u> <u>Proposals tabled by RBKC prior to matter hearing</u>

	2pm – 5 pm (Approx)		
Week 1			
Day 1	Matter 2 Quanta of	<b>RBKC responses to statements</b>	Notes from the hearings
Tuesday 20 <sup>th</sup>	Development Policies	submitted for the hearings	
July 2010	C1,CP1,CH1 & Housing		
	Trajectory		
	- 134919 Greater London	None. The Council is in receipt of	None
	Authority (GLA)	the letter of general conformity	
		with the London Plan, dated 10	
		June 2010. The SHLAA, which is	
		evidence for the Core Strategy has	
		been prepared by the GLA in	
		conjunction with London Boroughs.	
	- 175783 The Kensington	None.	None
	Society		
	- 179625 DP9 for Chelsfield	None. The matters are dealt with	None
		through answers to questions for	
	Not in attendance	Matter 2.	
	- 178257 DP9 for Brookfield	None. The matters are dealt with	None
	Developments	through answers to questions for	
	Not in attendance	Matter 2.	
	- 139439 DP9 for Capital &	None. The matters are dealt with	None
	Counties	through answers to questions for	
		Matter 2.	

## Matter two cont: Changes sought during the hearing

Chapter/Section	Change Sought	Council response (or deadline
		by which response will be

		RBKC/18F
		made)
Policy CP1	To align with CH1 and London Plan expectation to exceed target	CP1 to be amended for consistency with CH1, and London Plan.
		Add: " <u>A minimum of</u> …" In front of "350 additional homes a year until the London Plan is reviewed"
		And
		"and <u>a minimum of</u> 600 a year (of which 200 will be affordable) thereafter for a 10 year period."
Assumptions behind retail and office floor space quanta in CP1	RBKC to draft papers in response to those of the Kensington Society on this subject	See separate paper. RBKC/35 Matter 7 – Fostering Vitality Policy CF5 (k) employment zones.
<u>Chapter 1,</u>	Council agreed to include text on the nature of the infrastructure delivery plan and summary table, and that it will be updated	The Council agree to the following changes: 1.3.6 third bullet: "Infrastructure (Section 2c), presented as a schedule. This schedule will be regularly reviewed as part of the Infrastructure Delivery Plan and changes recorded in the <u>Annual Monitoring Report</u> <del>7.</del> and <u>It</u> is included here as an indicator of current known infrastructure requirements. <u>The up-to-date table will be</u> available on the Council's website.
<u>Chapter 37</u>	Council to check wording to ensure that it refers to the fact that the infrastructure table will be updated through the AMR	Ch37 Infrastructure explains the updating process, but this could be more clearly referenced to users to access updates. 37.2.5 The IDP and the associated Infrastructure Schedule will be monitored, and regularly reviewed and updated as necessary. It is included here as a snapshot of time, but will be updated as future editions

	RBKC/18F
	of this document are
	published.
	The IDP and the associated
	Infrastructure Schedule will be
	monitored, and regularly
	reviewed and updated as
	necessary. It is included here
	as a snapshot of time and will
	be updated through the
	Council's Annual Monitoring
	Report, annually. To access
	the latest IDP, and the
	schedule, visit the Council's
	website at www.rbkc.gov.uk

### Matter THREE: Proposals tabled by RBKC prior to matter hearing

	<u> 10pm – 1 pm (Approx)</u>		
Week 1			
Day 2 Wednesday 21st July 2010	Matter 3 Policies for Places CA7,CP1, CP11		
	RBKC	It is proposed that sections 4.4 Places and 4.5 North Kensington 'swap places', so that the section on Places immediately precedes the Place chapters. This is not reflected in the post-submission schedule of changes, although is included in RBKC response to Matter 3, Question 1. Note: changes proposed in Matter 3 Question 3 regarding the monitoring section in each Place are shown in the post-submission schedule of changes near to references to Chapter 38 (Monitoring) and not near Chapters 5-14 (Places). Likewise, changes in the same paper proposed regarding infrastructure and the places are shown adjacent to Chapter 37, Infrastructure, in the post submission schedule of changes.	Agreed
	178257 DP9 for Brookfield Developments	None	None

			112110/101
	(did not attend)		
	306971 Westway	None	None
	Development Trust		
	(did not attend)		
	175783 The Kensington	Regarding Earl's Court one-way	Noted
	Society	system, see Capital and Counties	
		below for a proposed modification	
		to Earl's Court Vision (CV10)	
	129913 The Golborne Forum	None	None
	372420 The Knightsbridge	None	Noted
	Association	[change to remove 'alfresco dining'	
		from Monpelier Street shown in	
		the post-submission schedule of	
	107105 //	changes]	
	197185 Kensington &	Regarding the Vision for Latimer	
	Chelsea Social Council	(Chapter 9): proposed change to	
		first sentence is supported as the	
		Council considers will add clarity.	
		This change has already been	
		included in the "post submission	
		changes" document.	
		Changes to the rest of the vision	
		Changes to the rest of the vision	
		not considered necessary, as the Council considers these issues are	
		addressed elsewhere. These	
		changes are not included in the	
		schedule of post submission	
		changes. However, the Council	
		would not object to making these	
		changes were the inspector so	
		minded. These changes are shown	
		in italics below.	
		Matter 3 – Policies for Place:	
		Specific	
		Qu. 7 (iv)	
			KCSC welcomed all the
		Change Vision for Latimer CV9	changes. All changes
			therefore to be included.
		Latimer will have been rebuilt, in a	
		phased way, to a new street	
		pattern, guaranteeing all existing	
		tenants the opportunity of a new	
		home as well as creating capacity	
		for new residents to move to the	
		area. It will be a place that focuses	
		on the provision of high-quality	
		services through excellent urban	
		design. It will provide accessible,	
		<u>safe</u> and adaptable spaces that are	
		valued and used by the local	
1	•	· ·	•

		<b>r</b>	KBKC/18F
		community. New development,	
		including a new neighbourhood	
		shopping centre, will be located	
		around the Latimer Road Station.	
		The area will be better served by	
		<u>public transport, and there will be</u>	
		clear links to Ladbroke Grove and	
		White City. A community sports	
		centre with a swimming pool will	
		be retained in the area and a new	
		academy will be established.	
	233936 The Ladbroke	None	None
	Association		News
	134910 CB Richard Ellis for	None	None
	Kensington Housing Trust		
	(did not attend)	Degending the One way system	
	139439 DP9 for Capital &	Regarding the One way system,	
	Counties	the Council offers the following modification to Earl's Court Vision	
		(CV10) regarding the one way	
		system	DP9 for Capital and Counties
		Vision for Earl's Court in 2028	confirmed this change was
		The western edge of the Borough	acceptable in principle. This
		will be <del>re</del> integrated <u>with and</u> Earl's	text has been slightly revised
		Court Neighbourhood Centre <del>will</del>	following the discussion on
		so that the centre is be able to	Day 3, Matter 6.
		blossom, offering an attractive	Day 3, Matter 0.
		'urban-village' environment which	
		local residents can_enjoy. Crucial to	
		this is reducing the impact of the	
		one-way system on residential	
		amenity, the pedestrian	
		environment and public transport	
		users, will be significantly	
		improved by careful design and	
		traffic measures, such as	
		environmental improvements,	
		reducing traffic and By preferably	
		by returning the one-way system	
		to two-way working or other	
		environmental improvements that	
		have a significant improvement to	
		the pedestrian environment.	
		reducing the traffic flow, and	
		improving the pedestrian	
		environment, the western edge of	
		the Borough will be reintegrated	
		and Earl's Court Neighbourhood	
		Centre will be able to blossom,	DP9 for Capital and Counties
		offering an attractive 'urban-	confirmed this change was
		village' environment which local	acceptable in principle. This
		residents can enjoy.	text has been slightly revised
L	1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

		KBKC/18F
	Regarding the Earl's Court Policy, the Council would like to offer the following wording: Policy CP10 The Council will ensure an attractive 'urban-village' environment in Earl's Court by supporting improvements to the public realm, pedestrian environment and open space. The <u>Council will-and</u> resist <del>ing</del> <u>development</u> proposals which prejudice the <u>opportunities for</u> wider regeneration of the area and <u>compromise delivery of the vision</u> realisation of the full potential of opportunities in the area. Regarding all other potential changes sought by CapCo regarding Earl's Court Place are those required of consistency depending on the outcome of discussion regarding the strategic site. It is	following the discussion on Day 3, Matter 6. DP9 for Capital and Counties confirmed this change was acceptable in principle. This text has been slightly revised following the discussion on Day 3, Matter 6.
	therefore requested that these are dealt with alongside Matter 6 on Thursday 22 <sup>nd</sup> July.	
Also Transport for London (did not attend)	Regarding Earl's Court one-way system, see Capital and Counties below for a proposed modification to Earl's Court Vision (CV10)	Noted

## Matter 3 cont: Changes sought during the hearing

Chapter/Section	Change Sought	Council response (or deadline by which response will be made)
Policy replacement schedule	Council asked to consider improving readability by having the full text of the remaining UDP policies in the policy replacement schedule	The Council believes this would make the schedule very cumbersome, and would separate the policy from its supporting text. Instead, the remaining policies of the UDP will be produced as an appendix when the Core Strategy is adopted.
Glossary – areas of metropolitan importance	The Council agreed to check it includes the Thames	The definition in the glossary does include the Thames.
General	The Council agreed to the need to better signpost where matters relating to the Thames are found in	See separate document: RBKC/30: LDF Index

			RBKC/18F
		the document	
NB Council response modified since schedule last published	Para 4.3.7 and map on following page	The Council agreed to include reference to the Earl's Court One Way System, and put it on the map.	The Council agrees to the following sentence being inserted before the final sentence of paragraph 4.3.7: <u>"It is also the ambition of the</u> <u>Council to return the Earl's</u> <u>Court one-way system to</u> <u>two-way working. However,</u> <u>further detailed work will</u> <u>identify the extent and</u> <u>timescales to which this can</u> <u>be achieved.</u> A great deal of smaller infrastructure is required, and is set out elsewhere in Chapter 37."
	Para 4.4.2	Include residents in the list of partners and stakeholders	4.4.2 "Place shaping is at the centre of spatial planning. Place shaping requires that different plans and programmes from across the Council and its partners are integrated. It also requires a clear vision of how different places are to evolve in the future, to give a clear framework for future actions, both of the Local Planning Authority, other parts of the Council, and our partners <u>and which might</u> <u>also inform the actions of</u> <u>private land owners and</u> <u>residents</u> . This is the function of the <i>Place</i> <i>Profiles"</i> .
	Earl's Court Place (paras 10.1.2 and 10.3.10 in particular)	Council agreed to review the way that the provision of social and community facilities is referenced in relation to the Earl's Court Strategic Site Council also agreed to consider better reference to improved north south bus and cycle facilities.	Propose change: There are 5 sites along the west of Warwick Road and north of Cromwell Road where significant change is planned. This is likely to be in the form of a mixed use development, with increased provision of open space and <u>a new school education</u> facilities that will also be used as a community facility. The sites are allocated as a Strategic Site, considered in

		RBKC/18F
		Chapter 25.
		Propose change to 10.3.5 The Council will also consider the potential for improved accessibility form the West London Line to the underground network and work with TfL to improve north-south bus and cycle connections.
		Propose change to 10.3.10 Community facilities will be provided as part of the development <u>on the Earl's</u> <u>Court and West Kensington</u> <u>Opportunity Area</u> , at 100 West Cromwell Road and the Warwick Road sites, including a new primary school at the northern end of Warwick Road.
		Propose change to 10.4.3 Social and cCommunity facilities provided as part of 100 West Cromwell Road development;
Chapter 9, Latimer	Council asked to consider requiring the continuous provision of swimming facilities in the north of the borough, in relation to the redevelopment of the sports centre	The Council have considered this and is of the view that it would not be reasonable of the Local Planning Authority to constrain service provision in this way.
Latimer Place (Chapter 9)	Council agreed to include text at or near 9.3.8 to explain new housing for existing tenants would meet their housing needs, and to consider if it should be included in the vision for Latimer	Proposed change to 9.3.9 One way of raising funds to provide good-quality homes for existing tenants is through the provision of additional private housing on existing Council-owned housing estates. <u>The new</u> housing for the existing <u>tenants will be of a type</u> which would meet their housing needs.
9.3.11	Council agreed to change "new local shopping centre" to "new neighbourhood centre"	Propose change to 9.3.11 There are few local shops in the area. A new local <u>neighbourhood</u> centre is needed to allow residents to have the shops and services

		RBKC/18F
		they need within a short work.
9.4.6	Council agreed to take out the word 'shopping'	Propose change to 9.4.6 Has a new <del>local</del> <u>neighbourhood shopping</u> centre been delivered in the Latimer area?
Knightsbridge (Chapter 14)	Council agreed to remove reference to Alfresco Dining in relation to Montpelier St on the Knightsbridge plan	Prior to adoption
South Kensington (Chapter 12)	Council to consider what changes could be made to the supporting text to include reference to the existing residents in this place	The Council would agree to the following text: "12.3.12 The area surrounding the Exhibition Road institutions is residential in character. <u>There is also residential use</u> over the shops in the area around the London <u>Underground Station</u> . <u>Balancing residential</u> amenity and the issues associated with the large volume of visitors is not straight forward [footnote to cross reference Policy CL5 <u>Residential Amenity]. But</u> <u>rR</u> esidential development (excluding student accommodation) between Queen's Gate and Exhibition Road north of Cromwell Road is not considered appropriate"
18.1.4 (Lots Road)	Council agreed to include text clarifying that the Lots Road Power Station planning permission includes considerable development in Hammersmith and Fulham	18.1.4 () A planning application was approved on appeal by the Secretary of State in 2006. This <u>cross-boundary</u> mixed-used development will include retail, business and over 400 new dwellings in the Borough and over 380 <u>new dwellings, car and cycle</u> <u>parking, children's</u> <u>playspace, and works to</u> <u>Chelsea Creek and Chelsea</u> <u>Basin in the London Borough</u> <u>of Hammersmith and</u> <u>Fulham</u> . Implementation of

		this permission has yet to
		commence. ()

### Matter FOUR: Proposals tabled by RBKC prior to matter hearing

	2 pm – 5 pm (Approx)		
Week 1			
<b>Day 2</b> Wednesday 2st July 2010	Matter 4 Keeping Life Local	<u>RBKC responses to statements</u> submitted for the hearings	
	- 101812 The Chelsea Society (did not attend)	None	None
	- 179625 DP9 for Chelsfield (did not attend)	None	None
	- 178257 DP9 for Brookfield Developments (did not attend)	None	None
	- 337749 Gerald Eve for Martins Properties (Chelsea) Ltd	None	None
	- 175783 The Kensington Society	<ul> <li>Regarding "local open spaces" in 30.3.4: No change. The Council considers that this matter is addressed in Chapter 33: "An Engaging Public Realm"</li> </ul>	None
		- Regarding public house data: No change	None
		- Regarding Change Walkable Neighbourhood distances: No Change. The distances are set as part in line with those preferred by corporate partners	None
		- Regarding references to shared entrances in Policy CK1(b): No Change. The Council considers the risk of facilities establishing within residential blocks is sufficient to warrant this statement.	None
		- Regarding change to line 3 of 30.3.13: No change. For monitoring and policy effectiveness, no change is considered necessary by the Council.	None

		RBKC/18F
	- Regarding walking speed data source in 30.3.17: - No change. 80m/minute and 4.8km/hour still equate to 800m walk. TfL's walking speeds have also never been used as a direct reference to Walkable Neighbourhoods and are instead used to compare walking to other modes of transport. For this reason, the reference to the "Walkable Neighbourhood" chapter of "Manual for Streets" will remain.	None
	- Regarding Policy CK3 Line 1: after "maintain" add "and improve": No change. Improving accessibility is detailed within the policy	None
	<ul> <li>-The Council agreed to change wording of Corporate Action1</li> <li>- Point 1: Line 2: after retailers" add ", landlords, residents, and other stakeholders" (cf p185 Action 1)</li> <li>- Point 10: last line: change "in" to "throughout"</li> </ul>	Proposed change to Corporate Action 1: The Town Centre Initiatives Manager will work in partnership with retailers, landlords, residents and other stakeholders to support and strengthen the viability of local shopping centres.
- 197185 Kensington & Chelsea Social Council	The Council agreed to add a new Corporate Action	Proposed change: " <u>The</u> <u>Directorate of Planning and</u> <u>Borough Development will</u> <u>work with Kensington and</u> <u>Chelsea Social Council to</u> <u>ensure there is effective</u> <u>consultation with hard to</u> <u>reach groups on the ongoing</u> <u>production of the</u> <u>Infrastructure Delivery Plan</u> ."
- 233936 The Ladbroke Association	None	None
- 198604 LPP for clients ( to be confirmed) (did not attend)	None	None
- 139439 DP9 for Capital & Counties	The Council agreed to add a new Corporate Action	Proposed change: " <u>The</u> Directorate of Planning and Borough Development will work with LBHF and the GLA to prepare a Supplementary Planning Document/Opportunity Area Framework to bring forward

		RBKC/18F
		the redevelopment of the
		Earls Court, including social
		and community uses as
		required to sustain a
		balanced community"
-284 Melyssa Stokes	None	None

# Matter 4 cont: Changes sought during the hearing

Chapter/Section	Change Sought	Council response (or deadline by which response will be made)
Chapter 7, Portobello	Council to consider how the chapter could better emphasise the local (neighbourhood) function of the centre	See separate paper RBKC/36,Keeping Life Local modifications to chapter 7: Portobello/Notting Hill .
Chapter 7 (Portobello)	Council to consider if the plan could better reflect the street network around Portobello Road	Prior to adoption
Glossary	Council agreed to check the definition of social and community uses in the Glossary	Proposed change to Glossary: "For the purposes of the Core Strategy, Social and Community uses are defined as including: care homes/care facilities and elderly people's homes; community/meeting halls and rooms; doctors, dentists, hospitals and other health facilities; elderly peoples' homes; hostels; laundrettes; libraries; Metropolitan Police and other emergency service facilities; petrol filling stations; places of worship; bespoke premises for the voluntary sector; schools and other educational establishments; sport facilities; and youth facilities."
30.2.4	Council agreed to standardise phrasing to neighbourhood from local	The Council consider that this change is appropriate and proposes the following wording for paragraph 30.2.4:
Policy CK1c (protecting social and community uses)	Council agreed to remove 'successfully' before demonstrate	"Local Neighbourhood Centre" The Council consider that this change is appropriate and proposes the following wording for Policy CK1c: "CK1ii permit the change of use of land and/or buildings

#### **RBKC/18F** where the current or last use was a social or community use from one social and community use to another social and community use which predominantly serves, or which provides significant benefits to Borough residents and where it is successfully demonstrated that there is a greater benefit to the Borough resulting from this change of use" The Council does not consider Policy CK1 (protecting social Council to consider the representation tabled on the day that changes are required as a and community uses) by Gerald Eve, and prepare a result of this representation written response for the Inspector and have tabled a paper to this effect, RBKC/28 to consider **NB Council** Throughout plan, but Council to update text regarding 23.2.1 particularly in Chapter 9 Building Schools for the Future if The Council is resolving this response modified since necessary, and to forward the deficiency through the schedule last revised text to the inspector. provision of a new academy, published agreed by the Minister for Education, to be potentially funded through 'Building Schools for the Future' grants or other sources of funding. 23.2.4 The 'Building Schools for the Future' Any public sector funding may need to be supplemented with funding from enabling development. 23.3.5 RBKC, 'Building Schools for the Future' funding 2011/12 or other public sector investment, possibly some enabling residential development and private investment. CO1 - Corporate Actions 12. The Family and Children's Services Directorate will work with the Department for Education and others to, in secureing funding for upgrading of all schools through the Primary Capital Programme and 'Building Schools for the Future'

found to be a more useful indicator of accessibility.should be retained for this plan period.30.3.4 (post offices)Council to reconsider the 'red text' following the paragraph, and whether the text could not record that there are 'two types' of social and community uses, those able to be controlled through planning, and others – so that if the use classes order is changed, the plan is transparent in its wish to extend planning controlsThe Council consider that change is appropriate and proposes the following wording after paragraph 30.3.4:The Council also acknowle classes order is changed, the plan is transparent in its wish to extend planning controlsThe Council also acknowle that there are also social a community assets, such as post offices and pharmacie where change to another in the same use class, such a shop, does not require	 		KBKC/18F
neighbourhoods)wording to allow for monitoring on 600m in the future should that be found to be a more useful indicator of accessibility.Council's evidence, it is 			<del>programme</del> .
30.3.4 (post offices)Council to reconsider the 'red text' following the paragraph, and whether the text could not record that there are 'two types' of social and community uses, those able to be controlled through planning, and others – so that if the use classes order is changed, the plan is transparent in its wish to extend planning controlsThe Council consider that change is appropriate and proposes the following wording after paragraph 30.3.4:The Council also acknowle classes order is changed, the plan is transparent in its wish to extend planning controlsThe Council also acknowle that there are also social a community assets, such as post offices and pharmacie where change to another in the same use class, such a shop, does not require		wording to allow for monitoring on 600m in the future should that be found to be a more useful indicator	Council's evidence, it is proposed that the 800m walk should be retained for this
cannot therefore control t uses through its planning powers and therefore can be controlled under Policy at present. These facilities respond to supply and demand, which has have tended to result in them b be available within 'walkal neighbourhoods'. Howeve especially regarding post offices, this is no longer guaranteed. The Council w therefore, in partnership v others, strive to achieve th through other means(270) Should any of these uses change to a different use of (for example, to Sui Gener they would be considered under Policy CK1. **relocated from 30.3.6** Public Houses are also considered a social and community use in the Borough, and recent conce	30.3.4 (post offices)	Council to reconsider the 'red text' following the paragraph, and whether the text could not record that there are 'two types' of social and community uses, those able to be controlled through planning, and others – so that if the use classes order is changed, the plan is transparent in its wish to extend	The Council consider that this change is appropriate and proposes the following wording after paragraph 30.3.4: The Council also acknowledges that there are also social and community uses which are <u>considered valuable</u> <del>community assets</del> , such as post offices and pharmacies, where change to another use in the same use class, such as a shop, does not require planning consent. The Council cannot therefore control these uses through its planning powers <u>and therefore cannot</u> <u>be controlled under Policy CK1</u> <u>at present. These facilities</u> <u>respond to supply and</u> <u>demand, which has have</u> tended to <del>result in them being</del> be available within 'walkable neighbourhoods'. <del>However,</del> <u>especially regarding post</u> offices, this is no longer <u>guaranteed</u> . The Council will, therefore, in partnership with others, strive to achieve this through other means(270). <u>Should any of these uses</u> <u>change to a different use class</u> (for example, to Sui Generis), they would be considered <u>under Policy CK1.</u> <i>**relocated from 30.3.6**</i> Public Houses are also considered a social and

		RBKC/18F
		public houses to residential units in the last decade. This is not to say that their loss is anything but regrettable. However, the Royal Borough is fortunate to have 173 bars (113 of which are traditional public houses) and the entire Borough (bar excluding open spaces) is served by one or more of these facilities being within a 10 minute walk. Therefore, the Council considers that there is too little evidence to resist their loss at the present time. This will be kept under review. <u>The Borough has also experienced a number of traditional public houses changing into other drinking establishments which do not provide the same community function to residents. However, these changes do not represent a change under the Town and <u>Country Planning (Use Classes)</u> <u>Order 1987 and cannot</u> presently be controlled by the Council.</u>
Policy CK1	Council asked to consider the needs of the voluntary and community sector as a policy.	The Council consider this is covered by premises used by the Voluntary and Community sector being included in the definition of Social and Community uses.
Corporate Actions	The Council was asked to consider an additional corporate action to assist KCSC's production of a register of social and community space	The Council consider that this change is appropriate and proposes the following wording, which has been agreed with KCSC: <u>"The Directorate of Planning and Borough Development will work with the Kensington and Chelsea Social Council to establish a register of social and community uses to assess where potential new facilities could be located."</u>

### Matter FIVE: Proposals tabled by RBKC prior to matter hearing

	10 pm – 1 pm (Approx)		
Week 1			
<b>Day 3</b> Thursday 22 <sup>nd</sup> July 2010	<u>Matter 5 Strategic Sites</u> <u>Allocations Kensal Gasworks</u> and Wornington Green	<u>RBKC responses to statements</u> submitted for the hearings	
	RBKC	Chapter 39, Strategic sites 1, changes to column 14 (Delivery Implications) to update to the most current information.	See separate document
	- 129913 The Golborne Forum	None	None
	- 175783 The Kensington Society	None	None
	- 197185 Kensington & Chelsea Social Council	None	None

### Matter 5 cont: Changes sought during the hearing

Chapter/Section	Change Sought	Council response (or deadline by which response will be made)
Strategic Sites Plan (opposite Dage 131)	Council agreed to clarify the status of Lots Road Power Station on this map	Before adoption (DN)
Quantum of Development blan (opposite page 45)	Show the possible new town centre at Earl's Court	Before adoption (DN)
<i>Wornington Green (both in Golborne Trellick Place, Chapter 6, and Strategic Allocation Chapter 21</i>	Council agreed to review these sections to ensure up to date in the light of the recent planning consent, including diagrams	Chapter 21: Wornington Green <u>Add:</u>
	showing the masterplan and basic phasing	Para 21.1.4 Outline Planning permission was granted 30 <sup>th</sup> March 2010 with all details submitted for Phase One and all details reserved for Phases 2-5

### Matter SIX: Proposals tabled by RBCK prior to matter hearing

	2 pm – 5 pm (Approx)		
Week 1			
<b>Day 3</b> Thursday 22 <sup>nd</sup> July 2010	<u>Matter 6 Strategic Sites</u> <u>Allocations: Earl's Court and</u> <u>Warwick Road</u>	<u>RBKC responses to statements</u> submitted for the hearings	
	- 139439 DP9 for Capital and	See RBKC Position Statement	See notes from the hearings

Counties		below
- 175783 The Kensington	See RBKC Position Statement	See notes from the hearings
Society		below
- 197185 Kensington &	See RBKC Position Statement	See notes from the hearings
Chelsea Social Council		below
- 178257 DP9 for Brookfield	See RBKC Position Statement	See notes from the hearings
(did not attend)		below

## Matter 6 cont: Changes sought during the hearing

Chapter/Section	Change Sought	Council response (or deadline by which response will be made)
General	Council agreed to rename Earl's Court Strategic Site as Earl's Court Exhibition Centre throughout the plan to distinguish it from Earl's Court Place	Before adoption
General	Council agreed to check paragraph and policy numbering throughout document	Before adoption
CV1, Chapter 10 (Earl's Court Place) and Chapter 26 (Earls Court Exhibition Centre), and Chapter 31 (Fostering Vitality) (see Council's Position Statement).	Changes were sought to the Council's position statement in relation to: -'small scale retail' in relation to the nature of the town centre to be established as part of the redevelopment of Earl's Court Exhibition Centre - Minimum 500 residential unit - 10,000m2 office accommodation	The Council confirmed at the hearing that it was not in a position to alter these aspects of the policy, as set out in the position statement.
26.2.1	Council agreed to consider modified wording tabled by Capital and Counties. Council has agreed the wording as set out in following column, which also reflects the exact wording in the London Plan as discussed during the debate.	It is clear that the site has considerable potential. The draft London Plan <u>indicates</u> <del>states</del> that the Earl's Court & West Kensington Opportunity Area has <u>the</u> <u>potential to provide the</u> <del>capacity to accommodate</del> over 2,000 dwellings and <u>approximately</u> 7,000 jobs. <u>The draft London Plan</u> <u>further states that "the</u> <u>potential for a strategic</u> <u>leisure, cultural and visitor</u> <u>attraction and strategically</u> <u>significant offices should be</u> <u>explored together with</u> <u>retail, hotels and supporting</u> <u>social infrastructure"</u> . <del>along</del> <u>with leisure, cultural and</u> <del>visitor attraction uses.</del>

#### RBKC/18F Within the Royal Borough it is anticipated the scheme will be residential-led, as the Strategic Site can comfortably accommodate over 500 new homes. , although t<u>T</u>he full development capacity and exact disposition of uses across the Opportunity Area should be considered as part of the spatial planning for the Opportunity Area, through the joint Supplementary Planning Document(SPD). This SPD will be prepared and adopted by both boroughs, and be capable of being adopted by, in consultation with the GLA as an Opportunity Area Planning Framework. **NB Council** Chapter 37 (Infrastructure) Council agreed to update the The infrastructure response infrastructure table to clarify the requirements set out in modified since infrastructure requirements for the Chapter 37 are identified schedule last Earl's Court Exhibition Centre due to a known need in the published Strategic Site. area. These requirements are also listed in each of the Places, Strategic Sites and the Infrastructure Delivery Plan. The latter will be continually updated through the AMR. Chapter 37 identifies that some of the infrastructure requirements for Earl's Court would be required through the strategic sites and others through the 'place' in the area of Earl's Court. However, the Council considers that development in the area of the Earl's **Court Place should** contribute to delivering the infrastructure in this area. The Infrastructure Schedule in Chapter 37 has therefore been amended to refer to the Earl's Court 'Place' and not specific sites. The proposed wording for this

change is set out in Matter

		RBKC/18F
		11 below.
 Chapter 10 (Earl's Court	Council agreed to add to the list of	10.4.6 (new bullet)
Place)	monitoring items text referring to	6. Has development
	the delivery of the social and	delivered the social and
	community infrastructure set out	community facilities
	in the SPD	identified through the SPD?
After para 10.3.10	Change as tabled through the	The area of Earl's Court and
	Council's Key Issues Position	West Kensington
	-	-
	Statement. Changes relate to not	Opportunity Area is currently deficient of access to
	specifying the size and function of	
	the centre.	neighbourhood or higher
		shopping facilities. The
		Council will therefore
		support a new
		neighbourhood centre in this
		location, which includes
		small scale retail provision
		supporting the day to day
		needs of the development
		and other acceptable town
		centre uses identified in
		Policy CA7. However, this
		new centre must not
		compete with other existing
		centres. The size and
		function of the centre will be
		confirmed through the joint
		planning brief, having regard
		to the up-to-date evidence.
		The extent to which there is
		scope for a larger centre
		within the Opportunity Area
		will depend on a detailed
		analysis of retail and leisure
		need, taking account of the
		vitality and viability of
		existing centres (both in this
		and within neighbouring
		Boroughs) both at the time
		of the development and in
		<u>the longer term.</u>
Para 10.4.2	Change as tabled through the	The Council will also support
	Council's Key Issues Position	a new <del>neighbourhood</del> centre
	Statement. Changes relate to not	in the Earl's Court and West
	specifying the size and function of	Kensington Opportunity
	the centre.	Area, with small scale retail
		provision to serve the day-
		to-day needs of the
		development.
Para 26.2.2	Change as tabled through the	The area of the Strategic Site
r ui u 20.2.2		
	Council's Key Issues Position	is <u>outside 400m or 5mins</u>
	Statement. Changes relate to not	walk of a deficient in access
	specifying the size and function of	to neighbourhood or higher

			RBKC/18F
		the centre.	order centre facilities. The Council will therefore support the <u>establishment</u>
			<del>designation o</del> f a <u>new</u>
			<del>neighbourhood</del> centre
			within the Earl's Court and
			West Kensington
			Opportunity Area, with small
			scale retail provision to serve
			the day-to-day needs of the
			development and of a scale
			<u>that does not have an</u>
			unacceptable impact on
			short and longer term vitality
			and viability of existing
			centres in RBKC and LBHF.
NB Council	Chapter 26, policy CA7(e)	Council agreed to delete 'social and	Policy CA7
response		community' from part (e) of the	e. other non-residential uses
modified since		policy, and insert another part of	required to deliver a
schedule last		the policy to relate solely to social	sustainable and balanced
published		and community uses, to be	mixed-use development,
		distributed across the site	such as hotel, and leisure
			and social and community
			uses;
			now f. social and community
			new f. <u>social and community</u>
			<u>uses;</u>
			Amend monitoring in
			Chapter 38 to reflect change.
	Chapter 26, policy CA7(j)	Council agreed to insert 'social and'	Policy CA7
		at item (j)	j. <u>social and community <del>and</del></u>
			health facilities;
			Health facilities are included
			within Social and
			Communities as defined in
			para 30.3.4
			Amend monitoring in
			Chapter 38 to reflect change.
	26.2.1	Council agreed to check the text of	See above
		the opening sentence to see if it is	
		an exact quote from the draft	
		London Plan. If it is not, to insert	
		reference to social and community uses	
	Policy CA7(a)	Change as tabled through the	Policy CA7
		Council's Key Issues Position	a. a minimum of 500 homes
		Statement. Changes clarify that the	within the Royal Borough,
		residential component might	which could be increased, in
		exceed 500 for various reasons, of	particular if (b) to (e) below
		which only one is if (a) to (e) where	are provided within LBHF as

#### **RBKC/18F** provided in LBHF. part of the masterplanning process conduction in the preparation of the SPD Policy CA7(d) Change as tabled through the Policy CA7 d. a cultural facility, of at Council's Key Issues Position Statement. Changes clarify that the least national identity Cultural facility is of national significance, to retain Earl's identity rather than national Court's long standing brand significance. as an important cultural destination, located on the area of the Opportunity Area nearest to public transport accessibility; Para 26.2.3 A cultural facility that is a Change as tabled through the Council's Key Issues Position national or international Statement. Changes remove destination is required. This reference to an International may be in the form of an Convention Centre. **International Convention** Centre. The preferred location for the International **Convention Centre is as part** of a major refurbishment and/or development within the existing Earl's Court and Olympia complexes. However, if that facility is located at Olympia (in the London Borough of Hammersmith and Fulham) which is (in the same ownership as Earl's Court Exhibition Centre, and is likely to be refurbished and extended to accommodate some of the cultural, conference and exhibition uses at Earl's Court then a significant cultural use that is of at least a national identity destination should also be retained <del>provided</del> in the Earl's Court and West Kensington Opportunity Area to continue the long standing Earl's Court brand. It is expected this will be located within the most public transport accessible part of the Opportunity Area. The exact location of any cultural or destination uses or attractions will be determined through the Supplementary Planning

			RBKC/18F
	Policy CP10	Change as tabled through the Council's Key Issues Position Statement. Changes to ensure that piece meal development does not compromise delivery of the wider vision for Earl's Court.	Document to be prepared jointly by the Royal Borough, the London Borough of Hammersmith and Fulham <u>and the Greater London</u> <u>Authority.</u> The Council will ensure an attractive 'urban-village' environment in Earl's Court by supporting improvements to the public realm, pedestrian environment and open space. The Council will <del>and</del> resist <del>ing development</del> proposals which prejudice the <u>opportunities for wider</u> <u>regeneration of the area and</u> <u>compromise delivery of the</u> <u>vision_realisation of the full</u> <del>potential of opportunities in</del>
NB Council response modified since schedule last published	26.3.1	Change as tabled through the Council's Key Issues Position Statement. Change to clarify the risk that a planning application is submitted before the SPD is adopted.	the area. <u>There is also a risk that the</u> <u>SPD is not adopted in</u> <u>advance of a planning</u> <u>application being submitted</u> <u>for the Strategic Site. If this</u> <u>risk is realised, the planning</u> <u>application will be</u> <u>considered in accordance</u> <u>with Policy CA7 and any</u> <u>material planning</u> <u>considerations, which may</u> <u>include up to date evidence</u> <u>and viability being prepared</u> <u>for the SPD and a planning</u> <u>application.</u>
	Chapter 26, policy CA7(h)	Council agreed to look at the wording of item (h) regarding 'traffic impact'. Change also to reflect wording in the Key Issues Position Statement, as revised following the discussion at the EiP.	Note – This change is also reflected in Chapter 39. a design of the <del>on site</del> road <del>pattern</del> <u>network</u> and connections <u>with the</u> <u>surrounding area that</u> <del>which</del> significantly improves <u>residential amenity, the</u> <u>pedestrian environment and</u> <u>public transport access in the</u> <u>area of the one-way system,</u> <u>and does not have an</u> <u>unacceptable impact on</u> traffic <u>congestion circulation</u> in the surrounding area, and

		RBKC/18F
		on primary routes in the London Borough of Hammersmith and Fulham and the Royal Borough, providing a key component in returning the one way system to two way working;
Chapter 26, policy CA7(l)	Change to reflect wording in the Key Issues Position Statement, as revised following the discussion at the EiP.	securing highway contributions including the investigation, in consultation with TfL and the Boroughs, into returning the Earl's Court one-way system to two way working; and implementation of those measures identified during the investigation commensurate to the development proposal; -to return the Earl's Court one- way system to two way working and significant improvements to quality of residential amenity, the pedestrian environment and public transport access in the area of the Earl's Court one- way system;
Chapter 10, Vision for Earl's Court 'Place'	Change to reflect wording in the Key Issues Position Statement, as revised following the discussion at the EiP.	By returning the one-way system to two-way working, reducing the traffic flow, and improving the pedestrian environment, t <u>T</u> he western edge of the Borough will be reintegrated with the and Earl's Court Neighbourhood Centre so that the centre is will be able to blossom, offering an attractive 'urban- village' environment which local residents can enjoy. <u>Crucial to this is reducing the</u> impact of the one-way system on residential amenity, the pedestrian environment and public transport users, preferably by returning the one-way system to two-way working or other significant environmental improvements.

Chu	apter 25, Policy CA6	Council agreed to insert 'swimming	Policy CA 6
		pool' alongside 'sports hall' in this	
		policy	(i) Community sports hall
			and swimming pool

### <u>WEEK TWO</u> <u>Matter SEVEN:</u> <u>Proposals tabled by RBKC prior to matter hearing</u>

	10am – 1.00pm (Approx)		
Week 2			
Day 4 Tuesday 27 <sup>th</sup> July 2010	<u>Matter 7 Fostering Vitality</u> CF1, CF2, CF3, CF5, CF8	<u>RBKC responses to statements</u> <u>submitted for the hearings</u>	Notes from the hearings
	RBKC	None proposed through the hearing statements in addition to the changes already shown in the Submission CS.	None
	-179625 DP9 for Chelsfield	Regarding the Policy CF5 Council would like to offer the following wording: Policy CF5 (a) Protect very small and small offices (whether stand alone or as part of a larger business premises) throughout the Borough; medium sized offices within the Employment Zones, Higher Order Town Centres, other accessible areas and primarily commercial mews; large offices in Higher Order Town Centres and other within accessible areas, that lie within, or close to, Town Centres, except where:No changes to parts (i) or (ii) which relate to this issue.	This wording is reflected in a statement of common ground between RBKC and DP9 for Chelsfield. The Kensington Society objected to this change.
		Para 31.3.33 The continued concentration of large (greater than 1000 sq m (GEA)) and medium sized (300 sq m to 1000 sq m) business developments premises on the upper floors of sites within town centres, on sites in town centres and in accessible areas close to	This wording is reflected in a statement of common ground between RBKC and DP9 for Chelsfield. The Kensington Society objected to this change.

		KBKU/18F
	<u>town centres is important as it</u>	
	assists in the provision in the range	
	of premises needed, supports the	
	continued viability of the Borough's	
	town centres, and ensures that as	
	many people as possible can reach	
	these areas without having to rely	
	on the private car. This is a central	
	tenet of a sustainable pattern of	
	development. <u>The relationship is</u>	
	symbiotic, with offices benefitting	
	from, as well as contributing to, the	
	range of facilities which may be	
	available from a town centre	This wording is reflected in a
	location.	This wording is reflected in a statement of common ground
	Whilst medium-sized offices do	between RBKC and DP9 for
	benefit from proximity to a town	Chelsfield. The Kensington
	centre their wider distribution	Society objected to this
	across the Borough shows that	change.
	they can also thrive in other	chunge.
	locations. They are an integral	
	part of the mix of premises	
	available to those who wish to	
	locate, or expand, their businesses	
	within the Borough.	
	As such, they will also be	
	supported in all accessible	
	locations, within the employment	
	zones and within primarily	
	commercial mews.	
	New paragraph after 31.3.33	This wording is reflected in a
	In the delineation of its town	statement of common ground
	centres, the Borough has taken a	between RBKC and DP9 for
	'shopping frontage' approach. This	Chelsfield. The Kensington
	reflects the linear nature of our	Society objected to this
	centres. A number of offices are	change – in particular the
	functionally linked to the centres,	specific nature of 160m, as a
	but lie close to the identified	definition of 'close to'.
	frontages rather than within them.	
	The protection of all offices in such	
	locations is essential. For the sake	
	of Policy CF5, a office lying 'close	
	to' a town centre is one which lies,	
	for example, within a two minute	
	walk, approximately 160 m of the	
	boundary of the defined frontages.	
	The presence of major barriers to	
	movement, barriers such as major	
	<u>roads, will also be taken into</u>	
	account. The 'two minute walk' is	
 	not the same as the Council's	

		KDKU/18F
	definition of an "edge of centre" location in para 31.3.3.	
5783 The Kensington iety	Para 31.3.18 Where an affordable unit cannot be provided, the Council will seek financial contributions (where appropriate, feasible and viable), to provide the mitigation necessary to support retail diversity within the centre or <del>an adjoining centre</del> <u>the rest of the Borough.</u>	The Kensington Society accepted this change.
	Para 31.3.31 There is a forecast demand for 15% growth of office jobs between 2004 and 2026. This equates to a net increase of <del>69,000</del> 60,000 sq m of office floorspace <u>between 2008</u> and the end of the plan period.	These were not specifically discussed at the hearing. As they are for consistency, it is unlikely a representor will have an objection
	Para 31.3.32 On the supply side, office floorspace under construction <del>,</del> and outstanding permissions <del>and</del> floorspace that has been built out between 2004 and 2008, (as of March 2008), provide a net addition of 46,000 sq m, <u>37,000 sq</u> <u>m.</u> This level of building will meet office demand until 2017.	As above
	Note: all other references to future office 'need' throughout the Core Strategy will be amended to ensure that the document is consistent and refers to the 'start date' of 2008.	
	Para 31.3.37 The Council recognises that business centres make an important contribution to the function of the Employment Zones, as they assist in providing the flexible workspace which is in particular demand from the Borough's creative and cultural industry. <u>New business centres, or</u> <u>other large office developments</u> with a total floor area greater than	This change was not accepted by the Kensington Society, because of the inclusion of medium sized offices.
	•	Iocation in para 31.3.3.ietyPara 31.3.18Where an affordable unit cannot be provided, the Council will seek financial contributions (where appropriate, feasible and viable), to provide the mitigation necessary to support retail diversity within the centre or an adjoining centre the rest of the Borough.Para 31.3.31 There is a forecast demand for 15% growth of office jobs between 2004 and 2026. This equates to a net increase of 69,000 60,000 sq m of office floorspace between 2008 and the end of the plan period.Para 31.3.32 On the supply side, office floorspace under construction, and outstanding permissions and floorspace that has been built out between 2004 and 2008, (as of March 2008), provide a net addition of 46,000 sq m_37,000 sq m. This level of building will meet office floorspace under consistent and refers to the 'start date' of 2008.Para 31.3.37 The Council recognises that business centres make an important contribution to the function of the Employment Zones, as they assist in providing the flexible workspace which is in particular demand from the Borough's creative and cultural industry. New business centres, or

up entirely of very small, small or medium-sized units. The Council does, however, recognise that any large scale business developments may have the potential to cause a material increase in traffic congestion and, therefore, will be carefully assessed against the requirements of Policy CT1.	
None	None
None	None
None	None
See RBKC Position Statement prepared for <i>DP9 for Capital and</i> <i>Counties</i> for Earl's Court Strategic Site.	None
None	None
None	None
See RBKC Position Statement prepared for <i>DP9 for Capital and</i> <i>Counties</i> for Earl's Court Strategic Site.	DP9 for Capital and Counties restated their objection to the inclusion of the phrase 'small scale' in relation to the retail component of any town centre.
None	None
	medium-sized units. The Council does, however, recognise that any large scale business developments may have the potential to cause a material increase in traffic congestion and, therefore, will be carefully assessed against the requirements of Policy CT1.NoneNoneSee RBKC Position Statement prepared for DP9 for Capital and Counties for Earl's Court Strategic Site.NoneSee RBKC Position Statement prepared for DP9 for Capital and Counties for Earl's Court Strategic Site.NoneSee RBKC Position Statement prepared for DP9 for Capital and Counties for Earl's Court Strategic Site.None

# Matter 7 cont: Changes sought during the hearing

	Chapter/Section	Change Sought	Council response (or deadline by which response will be made)
	CF1 (e)	Council agreed to add 'and existing population' to item (e) of CF1	CF1(e) is now included within CF1(d)
NB Council response modified since schedule last published	CF1(d)	Council agreed to consume CF1(e) into CF1(d) during the discussion on the Earl's Court Strategic Site. Propose change to supporting text to reflect this.	(d) require the establishment of new centres in the Latimer and Kensal areas to address identified retail deficiency, and support the establishment of a new neighbourhood centre in the Earl's Court & West

	RBKC/18F
	Kensington Opportunity Area,
	with small scale retail
	provision to serve the day-to-
	day needs of the
	development. Any new centre
	must comply with the
	requirements of PPS4, and be
	of a scale that does not have
	an unacceptable impact on
	existing centres.
	<u>existing centres</u> .
	(e) support the establishment
	of a new neighbourhood
	centre in the Earl's Court
	Opportunity Area, to serve the
	day-to-day needs of the
	day-to-day needs of the development.
	Para 31.3.5
	The Keeping Life Local
	Strategic Objective (Chapter
	30) introduces the concept of
	walkable neighbourhoods, and
	-
	includes a map which shows
	those parts of the Borough that are not within five
	minutes walk of a centre. The
	main areas of deficiency are in
	the Kensal and Latimer areas
	and the area of the Earl's
	Court Exhibition Centre
	Strategic Site. New centres in
	these areas will meet this
	deficiency, with the scale of
	development within these
	new centres reflecting the
	nature of the proposed
	development in the wider
	<del>area.</del>
	In addition A significant
	In addition, A significant amount of development is
	expected within the plan
	period in the Earl's Court and
	West Kensington Opportunity
	Area. This site, designated
	within the draft London Plan
	as an Opportunity Area,
	straddles the boundary with
	Hammersmith and Fulham.
	Both the quantum of
	development, and <u>the</u>
	distribution of land uses across
	the Opportunity Area-its

 		RBKC/18F
		detailed nature (including
		whether the constituent parts
		lie in this Borough or within
		Hammersmith and Fulham)
		will be established within a
		future planning brief. <u>This</u>
		brief will be prepared jointly
		by LBHF, this Borough and the
		<u>GLA.</u> However, It is likely that
		the <del>wider area</del> <u>Opportunity</u>
		Area will include a significant
		amount of housing, as well as
		business uses, leisure and
		hotel floorspace <del>,</del> and a
		destination cultural
		destination facility. This
		development is likely to
		generate some retail need in
		its own right.
		The new centres at Kensal,
		Latimer and Earl's Court will
		serve a localised retail
		catchment, providing the
		convenience goods and
		services required by the local
		communities. The extent to
		which, from a retail
		perspective, there is scope for
		a larger centre on any of these
		sites, will depend on a detailed
		analysis of retail need, taking
		account of the vitality and
		viability of existing centres
		(both in this and within
		neighbouring Boroughs) both
		at the time of the
		development and in the longer
		term.
		A neighbourhood centre in
		this area will, therefore, be
		appropriate, as long it is of a
		scale which does not harm the
		vitality of nearby centres. A
		new centre is 'supported'
		rather than 'required' <u>within</u>
		the Earl's Court wider area as
		it is possible that its eventual
		location may be in
		Hammersmith and Fulham.
 054		
CF1	Council asked to consider including	Council explained at the
	social and community uses in this	hearing that this is addressed

#### **RBKC/18F** policy elsewhere in the plan in Keeping Life Local chapter 30 Council agreed to change 'core' and All instances will not be listed General in this table, but will be 'non-core' to 'primary' and 'secondary' respectively, in relation changed prior to adoption to retail frontage, throughout the plan Council agreed to update the **NB Council** Fostering Vitality Chapter Para 31.3.23 response references to the UDP with regard The primary and secondary modified since to shopping frontages. retail frontages of the schedule last Borough's Higher Order Town published' Centres are set out in Appendix x. equate to the core and non-core frontages, respectively, of the Borough's Principal Shopping Centres as set out within the Council's UDP (2002). These will be reviewed. On adoption the Core Strategy will reproduce the maps of the Borough's Principal Town Centres as set out in the UDP. These centres will include the International, Major and District centre designations adopted within the Core Strategy. These designations will also include the extensions/alterations to the centres as set out within the appropriate 'place'. Other alterations will be made when the boundaries are reviewed. **NB Council** 31.3.9 The Council will update the Para 31.3.9 reference to the Earl's Court Road Earl's Court Road has been response modified since Neighbourhood Centre to reflect classed as a Neighbourhood schedule last the relationship with emerging Local-rather than a District published' London Plan. centre, as designated within the London Plan, to recognise its scale and its primary function in serving the day-today needs of local people and those visiting the Earl's Court Exhibition Centre. As such, part (d) of Policy CF3 is relevant in the determination of planning applications for this centre. ongoing review of the London Town Centre Network being carried out by the GLA in preparation of the

		RBKC/18F
		forthcoming London Plan.
		Update map of Earl's Court Road Centre on page 400 to reflect its status as a Neighbourhood Centre.
CF7	The Council agreed to including a	Additional RJ in a new
	suitable reference to local arts in the policy 'chapeau' (the policy at present only refers to 'world class') and to review supporting text as necessary.	paragraph after paragraph 31.3.42 Arts and cultural uses at local level can help underpin and secure communities which are central to the residential character of the Borough. They can be a means of retaining and enhancing familiar landmarks and can increase stability by reinforcing neighbourhood identity. In short, they add variety and richness to the life
		of the Borough. Amend Policy CF7 to read:
		Policy CF7
		Arts and <del>Culture</del> Cultural Uses
		The Council supports the Borough's role in <u>both local</u> <u>and</u> world class <u>arts and</u> culture. The Council will welcome new cultural institutions <u>and facilities</u> across the Borough and protect, nurture and encourage those which already exist. In particular the Council will support proposals which enhance the cultural draw of South Kensington, King's Road/Sloane Square, the Notting Hill Gate area and Kensington High Street.
Hotels Section of Fostering Vitality	The Council are to include the text agreed with the GLA in their	Add to paragraph 32.3.48
	statement of common ground, regarding holding in reserve a review of the plan in relation to hotels in Earl's Court	Whilst hotels contribute greatly to both the Borough's economy and to its reputation, they are not always good neighbours. Poorly run hotels
	20	can cause problems, and a concentration of hotels in a

			RBKC/18F
			residential area can change the area's character. This has been the case in the Earl's Court ward. The Council does however, recognise that the benefits of hotels can be maximised , and their negative impact minimised, when hotels are located in the Borough's international or major centres; when they lie close to major tourist attractions ; or when they lie in areas which enjoy excellent links to London. <u>The Council considers that there is likely to be a significant net increase of hotel bedrooms through the Borough (and the wider area) and is not therefore expecting the policy approach taken in Earl's Court to result in significant or strategic loss in hotel capacity in the Borough. Should evidence show this not to be the case as part of Annual Monitoring, the Council will review the policy in the light of the evidence.</u>
	Fostering Vitality Chapter	The Council was requested to include a specific policy on artists' studios	Council will review the policy
NB Council response modified since schedule last published'	CF5 (a)	studios The Council to consider if there is a better way of expressing 'close' to town centre than the proposed 160m as contained in the statement of common ground with DP9 for Chelsfield	are included in the 'B' use classes, and are thus protected by the plan. The Council considers that it is helpful for the Core Strategy to provide a distance from the edge of the centre (160 m) when considering whether a site is 'close' to a town centre. 160m equates to a two minute walk. The supporting text makes it clear that major barriers to movement, barriers such as major roads, will also be taken into account when assessing the relationship of an office to a town centre. A broader definition, perhaps including whether a large office has a 'functional link' with a centre, will not add clarity, merely begging further

 		RBKC/18F
31.3.27	The Council was asked to include reference to voluntary sector offices in this paragraph.	The Council explained at the hearing that this is a definition of 'B' class uses in the Use Classes Order, and thus including offices for the voluntary sector is inappropriate and potentially misleading in that context.
C1 (Chapter 29) (s.106)	The Council was asked to make it clear what funds are raised for what aspects under s.106	The Council responded at the hearing that this information is already in the public domain, but is not appropriate for inclusion in the Core Strategy
CF5	The Council was asked to make specific reference to offices for the voluntary sector in this policy	The Council responded at the hearing that this was addressed by Policy CK1 in Keeping Life Local Chapter 30.
CF5	The Council to consider and check the extent to which the policy should be modified to better reflect the agreed aim – of not allowing large offices in employment zones 'through the back door', and to discuss the matter with the Kensington Society in the light of their proposed redrafted policy.	Part (k) of CF5 (and the supporting text) has been redrafted to support the provision of the range of unit sizes within the Employment Zone which are considered to be desirable. k)-Permit Resist large office developments only except when consisting entirely of very small, small or medium units and where the total floor area (net) of the medium-sized units make up no more than 25% of the total office development. Para 31.3.37 The Council recognises that business centres make an important contribution to the function of the Employment Zones, as they assist in providing the flexible workspace which is in particular demand by the Borough's creative and cultural industry. Whist new business centres or office developments should contain a mix of unit sizes, the majority of the units should be of the type and size which are suitable for the small businesses sought by the

		KDIC/101
		Council. The Council does, however, recognise that any large scale business developments may have the potential to cause a material increase in traffic congestion and, therefore, will be carefully assessed against the requirements of Policy CT1.
Plan 'Fostering Vitality' on page 174	The Council agreed to review the accuracy of the representation of the 'concentrations of offices', and to ensure the key is very clear – that this plan represents the current facts regarding the Borough, and is not a reflection of policy.	For adoption.

# Matter EIGHT: Proposals tabled by RBKC prior to matter hearing

	2pm – 5 pm (Approx)		
Week 2			
Day 4 Tuesday 27th July 2010	Matter 8 Better Travel Choices CT1, CT2	RBKC responses to statements submitted for the hearings	Notes from the hearings
	- 179625 DP9 for Chelsfield	Did not attend hearing on this matter. Inspector to consider written reps.	None
	- 335612 The Norland Conservation Society	None	None
	- 122932 Bobbie Vincent Emery	Agree that an additional point should be included in CT1. This would link to para 32.3.10. It should be more general than just the west of the borough however: CT1 f. require improvements to the walking and cycling environment and-require cycle parking, showering and changing facilities in new development; g. require improvements to the walking and cycling environment, including securing pedestrian and cycle links through new developments;	Ms Vincent Emery accepted the changes.
		all subsequent CT1 criterion	

			RBKC/18F
		amended so that h becomes i, i becomes j and so on.	
		Various minor amendments proposed to places in response to points raised:	
		Add 'Holland Walk' to map in chapter 11	
		Add 'and cycles' in key for map in chapter 18 and add reference to 'pedestrian only' through site between the King's Road and Fulham Road.	
		Move 'north-south cycle link' on to Beaufort Street / Drayton Gardens (this is LCN and links north) on map in chapter 17.	
	- 175783 The Kensington Society	Regarding cycle links see above otherwise no comments on their initial submission.	KS agreed additional point re cycle links.
	- 197185 Kensington & Chelsea Social Council	No changes proposed to BTC. Remove references to step-free in the infrastructure table on pages 246 and 253 and the reference to a bus tunnel on page 246.	KCSC agreed to these changes.
NB Council response modified since schedule last published	- 139439 DP9 for Capital & Counties	An amendment to CT1n is suggested to address the representation made by DP9 for C&C: n. work with TfL to improve the streets within the Earl's Court One- Way System by: i. investigating the return of the streets to two-way operation, and by implementing the <u>recommended improvements</u> findings of the investigation, <u>should TfL and the Council deem</u> <u>them feasible.</u>	This change was generally accepted. Note - The requirements for the investigation and implementation of measures to return the one-way system to two-way working in Chapter 10 (Earl's Court place) and Chapter 26 (Earl's Court Exhibition Centre Site) have also been revised to reflect the discussion on these matters.
	Kensington Society	Accessibility Map (Source: Space Syntax)	These were not specifically discussed at the hearing.

 	KDKC/10F
Para 33.3.15	
Event Management Plans and	
Management Strategies for	
temporary and occasional uses can	
ensure that matters such as public	
health, pedestrian and traffic	
safety and waste management are	
all taken into account.	
Policy CR3	
Street and Outdoor Life	
The Council will require	
opportunities to be taken within	
the street environment to create	
'places' that support outdoor life,	
inclusive to all, adding to their	
attractiveness and vitality.	
To deliver this the Council will:	
<u>Markets</u>	
a.b	
<u>Pavements</u>	
c.d	
<u>Temporary Use of Open Spaces</u>	
- f	
e.f	

# Matter 8 cont: Changes sought during the hearing

Chapter/Section	Change Sought	Council response (or deadline by which response will be made)
Better Travel Choices chapter	The Council to check scope for including in Corporate and Partner Actions an item regarding the provision of accessible transport provision, including but not exclusively regarding dial-a-ride.	Additional action proposed: <u>The Council will work with</u> <u>providers of door-to-door</u> <u>transport services such as</u> <u>Transport for London for Dial-</u> <u>a-Ride, Westway Community</u> <u>Transport and London</u> <u>Councils for the Taxicard</u> <u>scheme to improve transport</u> <u>options for those within the</u> <u>Borough who have reduced</u> mobility.

		KDKC/10F
Better Travel Choices chapter Better Travel Choices chapter 34.4.6	The Council agreed to include an item in Corporate and Partner Actions regarding the role the Council can plan in lobbying for more accessible transport The Council agreed to update the section under Corporate and Partner Actions regarding the Mayor's Transport Strategy	The Council has reviewed the Corporate and Partner Actions and action one under 32.4.6 already includes accessibility. No further changes proposed. Proposed changes: Mayor's Transport Strategy 2001 2010 32.4.5 The Mayor's Transport Strategy (MTS) was published in 2001 2010 and sets out the Mayor's proposals for managing and improving transport in London. It contains a package of measures and policies to improve transport, enhance the environment and foster London's economic development. It deals with improving public transport, including bus, Underground and the overground railways. 32.4.6 The Mayor has announced that he is replacing the existing MTS. Public consultation is taking place in 2009 and the new document will be adopted in 2010.
Better Travel Choices Chapter	The Council were asked to include references, as appropriate, to the relevant proposals from the Mayor's Transport Strategy. The Social Council agreed to provide potential references to the Council for consideration as soon as possible.	Our strategic objective for better travel choices is for walking, cycling and public transport to be safe, easy_and attractive, inclusive for all and preferred by <del>our</del> -residents <u>and</u> visitors to private car ownership and use. CT1 and CT2 are consistent with policy 21 and proposals 23, 40 and 45 of the Mayor's Transport Strategy. No additional references are
СТ1 (j)	The Council were asked to make the text regarding the provision of step free access stronger	necessary in the text. The Council explained at the hearings that, because the actual provision of step free access is beyond Council

#### RBKC/18F control, this was not something that could be offered. The Council offers to include Strategic Objective CO3 The Council to check if the 'and inclusive for all' further inclusion of 'accessibility' (in the disability access meaning of the consideration has been given term) could be included in this to the two different uses of the word 'accessible' and the Objective Council has taken the view that it should standardise to using 'inclusive' instead of 'accessible' in relation to matters of disability, leaving 'accessibility' to relate to the availability of transport modes in an area. Strategic Objective: Better travel choices Our strategic objective for better travel choices is that walking, cycling and public transport are safe, easy, and attractive and inclusive for all, and preferred by our residents to private car ownership and use. Sections 32.2 The Council agreed to review the Proposed changes: 32.2.1 The text to ensure appropriate provision of new public references to the importance of transport services, and accessibility of public transport is improvements to existing included, in the light of the change services, both inclusive to all, to the Strategic Objective. will make it easier for all Borough residents to choose to use public transport over the private car. In some areas, such as Kensal, new rail infrastructure would transform access to the public transport network and facilitate significant regeneration. Sections 32.3 The Council agreed to review the Proposed changes: 32.3.9 North-south links across the text to ensure appropriate references to the importance of Borough are weak, and accessibility of public transport is improvements to these would included in the light of the change improve access for residents to the Strategic Objective. and encourage more use of public transport. The public transport network needs to be inclusive for all. In particular most of the Underground and rail stations in the Borough do

		RBKC/18F
Glossary	Council agreed to review the definition of 'accessible' in the glossary.	RBKC/18Fnot have step-free access and remain inaccessible to passengers with reduced mobility, and to people with children especially those with prams and pushchairs.Proposed additional text:Accessible / accessibility. This refers to the extent to which employment, goods and services are made available to people, either through close proximity, or through providing the required physical links to enable people to be transported to locations where they are available. The latter can refer to the ease of access to the public transport network, often measured by a location's Public Transport Accessibility Level (see below).Inclusive: An environment in which everyone can use equally, regardless of disability or age, where there are no barriers that may create unnecessary separation or special treatment. It is the environment, rather than the condition of the individual, that is seen as the 'disabling' element, following the social rather than the medical model
29.2.4 item 5 (in relation to	The Council agreed to include the	<u>of disability.</u> 29.2.4
s.106)	word 'accessible' in this item	<ol> <li>Environmental improvements – to buildings, the street (including townscape enhancements), improvements for inclusive design, utility provision, nature conservation measures and mitigating the effects of a development proposal;</li> </ol>

		The consideration of inclusive Transport facilities is addressed elsewhere.
Better Travel Choices Corporate Action 3	The Council to consider the appropriateness of including accessibility in this action	The Council has reviewed the text and the introduction of accessibility is not considered appropriate in this context.
Better Travel Choices Corporate Action 8	The Council to consider the appropriateness of including accessibility in this action	The Council has reviewed the text and the introduction of accessibility is not considered necessary given the changes to the vision and elsewhere. It will be clear that public transport improvements include making facilities inclusive for all.
CT1, in particular (g), (i) and (j)	The Council agreed to include reference to the role of developments in delivering these policy objectives	Changes to CT1g set out above – these were referred to on the day of the hearing.
		CT1ij: work to ensure that <u>new</u> <u>developments provide or</u> <u>contribute toward</u> <u>improvements to public</u> transport services, and access to them, giving priority to north-south bus links and areas that currently have lower levels of accessibility;
		CT1 <u>j k</u> : work with partners to ensure that step-free access is delivered at all underground and rail stations by 2028, <del>and</del> require <u>new</u> <u>developments to contribute</u> <u>toward that</u> step-free access <u>and ensure it</u> is delivered at underground and rail stations in the Borough where there is a re-development opportunity;
		CT1oP: ensure that development does not reduce access to, or the attractiveness of, protect existing footways and footpaths used by the public, or land over which the public have a right of way;

		RBKC/18F
South Kensington (Chapter 12)	The Council agreed to review the text at 12.3.9 – 12.3.10, and the plan, to ensure that the needs of cyclists are appropriately included	Add "that links with the cycle route in Hyde Park" after "Improve Imperial College Road as a pedestrian and cycling route" in map in chapter 12.
Notting Hill Gate (Chapter 16)	The Council agreed to review the text at 16.3.13 – 15, and the plan, to ensure that the needs of cyclists are appropriately included	This change is not accepted. There is a particular issue of very high pedestrian footfall between the tube and Portobello Road which the text in chapter 16 seeks to address. There is not the same issue for cyclists.
Better Travel Choices	The Council agreed at an appropriate place to clarify that purple badge holders are excluded from the 'permit free' policy	Proposed change to 32.3.4: The whole Borough is subject to one Controlled Parking Zone and therefore demand for parking from new development will not necessarily be focused in the area surrounding it. Permit- free agreements will be required for all new additional residential development. <u>The</u> <u>Royal Borough operates a</u> <u>Purple Badge scheme for</u> <u>people with disabilities living</u> <u>or working in the borough.</u> <u>Purple Badge holders are</u> <u>exempt from the permit-free</u> <u>requirements.</u>
CT1 (m)	The Council agreed to add 'access to water for recreation' to this policy	Proposed change: CT1 <u>mn</u> : require that new development adjacent to the River Thames or Grand Union Canal takes full advantage of, and improves the opportunities for, public transport and freight on the water <u>, access to</u> <u>the water for recreation</u> and walking and cycling alongside it;
32.3.16	The Council agreed to add a new point to Corporate and Partner Actions regarding London freight to relieve the West London Line	Additional action proposed: <u>The Council will support the</u> <u>Mayor of London in promoting</u> <u>a rail freight bypass for</u> <u>London to relieve pressure on</u> <u>the West London Line.</u>

		KDKC/10F
Executive Summary (p12) Chapter 6 Golborne / Trellick (para 6.3.5)	More clarity required regarding the difference between accessibility (i.e. access to services, facilities and availability of public transport etc) and ensuring facilities are inclusive for all. More clarity required regarding the difference between accessibility (i.e. access to services, facilities and availability of public transport etc) and ensuring facilities are inclusive for all.	Latimer will be transformed into an accessible and legible built environment, inclusive for all, with a new local neighbourhood shopping centre, and borough wide facilities including a new academy and renewed sports centre. We have allocated the site for the new academy. The employment zone will continue to offer accommodation that will foster the cultural and creative industries. This area benefits from a diverse range of community facilities, such as the Venture Centre, Muslim Cultural Heritage Centre, Kensal Library and a doctors' surgery. The Council will support improvements to social and community uses as a result of any new major development,
Chapter 6 Golborne / Trellick (para 6.3.23)	More clarity required regarding the difference between accessibility (i.e. access to services, facilities and availability of public transport etc) and ensuring facilities are inclusive for all.	any new major development, particularly in making facilities accessible to inclusive for all. <u>A new pedestrian access will</u> be improved provided to the rear of Westbourne Park underground station. This will greatly improve access to public transport services in the
Chapter 10 Earl's Court (para 10.3.5)	More clarity required regarding the difference between accessibility (i.e. access to services, facilities and availability of public transport etc) and ensuring facilities are inclusive for all.	area. The Council will also consider the potential for improved accessibility interchange from the West London Line to the underground network <b>(104)</b> .
Chapter 11 Kensington High Street (para 11.3.11)	More clarity required regarding the difference between accessibility (i.e. access to services, facilities and availability of public transport etc) and ensuring facilities are inclusive for all.	Access to-High Street Kensington underground station is- <u>not inclusive for all</u> <del>poor</del> as it does not allow step- free access. The station is not listed, and thus represents a potential redevelopment opportunity, although the arcade will be retained <b>(128)</b> .
Chapter 11 Kensington High Street (para 11.3.16)	More clarity required regarding the difference between accessibility	The design of High Street Kensington

#### RBKC/18F (i.e. access to services, facilities Station is such that there is no and availability of public transport disabled step-free access and etc) and ensuring facilities are the capacity of stairways to inclusive for all. the platforms is often not sufficient to meet demand, which can cause delay and safety problems. The Council supports refurbishment of the station to improve safety and provide step-free access (131). The High Street is very well served by a range of bus routes but there is a need to improve visitor information on bus routes, particularly to Notting Hill Gate for Portobello Road (132). Policy CP11 The Council will ensure the More clarity required regarding the difference between accessibility continued success (i.e. access to services, facilities of the High Street as a high and availability of public transport quality shopping etc) and ensuring facilities are street serving residents, inclusive for all. workers and visitors by paying close regard to the need to enhance the character of the area, support existing retail niches, attract new trip generating uses and ensure it is inclusive for all. improve access to the centre. Policy CP12 More clarity required regarding the The Council will ensure the difference between accessibility continued success (i.e. access to services, facilities of South Kensington as a and availability of public transport premier public etc) and ensuring facilities are cultural destination, and as a local shopping centre, by inclusive for all. securing good quality public open spaces and step-free access at South Kensington station significantly improving accessibility to cater for the very large number of visitors the area receives, and supporting proposals to uplift the quality of the retail offer, especially proposals likely to favour local and niche markets. Chapter 13 Brompton Cross More clarity required regarding the The following (para 13.4.3) difference between accessibility infrastructure(159) is (i.e. access to services, facilities specifically required to deliver

		RBKC/18F
	and availability of public transport etc) and ensuring facilities are inclusive for all.	<ul> <li>the vision for</li> <li>Brompton Cross: <ul> <li>improved step-free</li> <li>access to South</li> <li>Kensington</li> <li>underground station,</li> <li>to be delivered</li> <li>through</li> <li>redevelopment at and</li> <li>near the station;</li> </ul> </li> <li>public realm</li> <li>improvements</li> <li>including a central</li> <li>sculptural feature.</li> </ul>
CA7 (m)	More clarity required regarding the difference between accessibility (i.e. access to services, facilities and availability of public transport etc) and ensuring facilities are inclusive for all.	improvements to tube <u>, bus</u> and rail access, including <del>accessibility</del> <u>interchange</u> from the West London Line to the underground network <u>and the extension of</u> <u>bus</u> <u>services into the site;</u>
CO1	More clarity required regarding the difference between accessibility (i.e. access to services, facilities and availability of public transport etc) and ensuring facilities are inclusive for all.	Our strategic objective to <b>keep life local</b> is for strong effective <del>local</del> <u>neighbourhood</u> centres and for social and community facilities to be widely available and for neighbourhood functions, including local shopping facilities, to be <del>easily</del> <del>accessible</del> <u>inclusive for all</u> so that residential communities can flourish.
Corporate and Partnership Actions for Keeping Life Lo number 10		The Council's Transportation and Highways Department section within Transport, Environment and Leisure Services-will work in partnership with Transport for London to encourage streetscape and traffic management improvements which remove <u>physical</u> barriers <del>and</del> improve access to social and community uses and local shopping centres, <u>making them</u>

		RBKC/18F
		inclusive for all, and improve cycling and walking environments in the Borough.
CT2 (e)	More clarity required regarding the difference between accessibility (i.e. access to services, facilities and availability of public transport etc) and ensuring facilities are inclusive for all.	require new <u>development to</u> <u>contribute to</u> improvements to the accessibility of <u>step-free access at</u> West Brompton Station, measures to increase the capacity of the West London Line and improvements to its interchange with the underground network, <u>particularly at Earl's Court</u> <u>and, if feasible, as part of any</u> <u>the</u> redevelopment of the Earl's Court Exhibition Centre.
BTC C&P action number 1	More clarity required regarding the difference between accessibility (i.e. access to services, facilities and availability of public transport etc) and ensuring facilities are inclusive for all.	The Transportation and Highways Department will work with Transport for London to identify the need for and deliver new public transport facilities including improvements to the Borough's bus and Underground services and improving accessibility improvements within the Borough's rail and Underground stations to ensure they are inclusive for all;
Chapter 33 An Engaging Public Realm (33.3.3)	More clarity required regarding the difference between accessibility (i.e. access to services, facilities and availability of public transport etc) and ensuring facilities are inclusive for all.	The public realm, particularly the street network, plays a vital role in providing good transport and mobility. These networks and spaces provide excellent levels of 'permeability', reflected in spatial analysis of pedestrian movements for large parts of the Borough, but not all. There are also parts of the Borough that are isolated by the Canal, railway lines, the Westway and other major roads, which create access barriers to <u>movement</u> . Parks and cemeteries can also form access barriers in some cases, not only physical barriers but also safety barriers,

		RBKC/18F
		particularly at night. Some housing estates, especially those post-war, also create barriers, and street networks that are confusing
Policy CL1	More clarity required regarding the difference between accessibility (i.e. access to services, facilities and availability of public transport etc) and ensuring facilities are inclusive for all.	The Council will require all development to respect the existing context, character, and appearance, taking opportunities available to improve the quality and character of buildings and the area and the way it functions, including being inclusive and accessible for all.
Chapter 34 Renewing the Legacy (34.3.30)	More clarity required regarding the difference between accessibility (i.e. access to services, facilities and availability of public transport etc) and ensuring facilities are inclusive for all.	Shopfronts <b>(310)</b> within the Borough play a key part in establishing and defining the visual character of our high streets and shopping parades. The Borough has many fine examples of shopfront design ranging from the mid-19th Century through to today. While the careful restoration of some of these early examples is important for maintaining our highly valued built heritage, particular emphasis is placed on ensuring high standards of design for all shopfronts, be they of traditional, modern or contemporary style and to ensure they are accessible to inclusive for all.
Policy CL2 (o iv)	More clarity required regarding the difference between accessibility (i.e. access to services, facilities and availability of public transport etc) and ensuring facilities are inclusive for all.	be <del>accessible to</del> <u>inclusive for</u> all;
Chapter 34 Renewing the Legacy (34.3.45)	More clarity required regarding the difference between accessibility (i.e. access to services, facilities and availability of public transport etc) and ensuring facilities are inclusive for all.	Small-scale alterations and additions are often necessary to modernise, adapt and extend the life of a building. Such works include improving accessibility removing physical barriers to access, balustrades, alarms, cameras, grilles,

#### RBKC/18F shutters and other security equipment; servicing, plant and telecommunications equipment; front walls, railings and forecourt parking; signs which are not advertisements and balconies and terraces. Policy CL6 (a iv) More clarity required regarding the do not <u>remove physical</u> difference between accessibility barriers to access or improve (i.e. access to services, facilities the accessibility and security and availability of public transport of the building in a sensitive etc) and ensuring facilities are manner in relation to the inclusive for all. character and appearance of the building and surrounding area;

## Matter NINE (A): Proposals tabled by RBKC prior to matter hearing

	10am – 1.00pm (Approx)		
Week 2			
Day 5 Wednesday 28th July 2010	Matter 9a Renewing the Legacy CL1, CL2, CL5, CR1, CR2, CR5, CR7	RBKC responses to statements submitted for the hearings	Notes from the hearings
	RBKC	Policy CL2 Require an assessment of the zone of visual influence of a proposed district landmark within or visible from the Borough, to demonstrate that the building has a wholly positive visual impact on the quality and character of the Borough's or neighbouring boroughs' townscape when viewed from the Royal Borough.	Change accepted by Kensington Society
	101812 The Chelsea Society	None	None
NB Council response modified since schedule last published'	175783 The Kensington Society	Proposal regarding the Thames being a separate 'place' dealt with under Matter 3 earlier in the hearings Subterranean – ask to deal with under 9b	
		Shopfronts – the Council disagree with the proposed change, but offer an alternative change to para 34.2.2:	Change accepted by Kensington Society. RBKC also agreed to include

	RBKC/18F
There is inevitable pressure for change, as the existing, often historic, building stock is updated, renewed or replaced to meet today's needs and changing lifestyles. Maintaining and improving the character, quality, inclusivity and setting of the Royal Borough's exceptional built environment is vital. <u>Past</u> <u>approaches, where no worsening</u> was good enough, are no longer <u>acceptable. The prevailing</u> philosophy will be to drive up the <u>quality of design to improve the</u> <u>quality of the Borough's built</u> <u>environment.</u> The local context is of primary importance in achieving this.	RBKC/18F similar wording in the Shopfront SPD
Views and Vistas – the Council is of the view that views and vistas are dealt with sufficiently in the submission core strategy, with proposed SPD.	The Kensington Society disagree with this position.
Tall Buildings/Building Heights – proposed changes superseded by RBKC proposed post submission changes – see Council's response to Inspector's Matter 9a Question 4	Kensington Society strongly support the proposed changes
Para 34.3.38 The Council also considers that local historic features such as memorials (particularly war memorials, including those on private land or within buildings), plaques, coal plates, horse and cattle troughs and <u>historic</u> bollards are historic assets worthy of protection, whether listed or not.	Matter not specifically discussed at the hearing.
Para 34.3.39 Listed buildings and scheduled ancient monuments can be negatively affected not only by inappropriate additions, internal and external alterations, <u>subterranean development</u> , and demolition, but also by inappropriate use and unsympathetic neighbouring	Matter not specifically discussed at the hearing.

 1	RBKC/18F
development. Such changes can	
diminish the architectural and	
historic value and detract from	
their setting.	
Para 34.3.43a	
In considering development	
proposals the Council will not be	
seeking to ensure that they meet	Change accepted by the
any particular minimum or	Kensington Society, although
maximum standard. Where	they noted that they did not
proposals affect light conditions in	wish to see the word
and around adjoining property, the	'material' in the policy
extent to which it involves	
significant and unreasonable	
worsening of light conditions for	
those properties will be assessed,	
taking account of the prevailing	
general standard of light in the	
local environment. Where existing	
buildings or spaces have poor light	
conditions, any worsening of light	
would only be justified on	
exceptional grounds. In some	
situations it would be appropriate	
to take the opportunity offered by	
development to achieve an	
improvement in light conditions	
where these presently fall below	
the standard generally prevailing in	
the area, or where it would be	
otherwise appropriate to do so.	
The 'good neighbourliness' of an	
existing property will also be	
relevant. For example, some	
buildings are situated very close to	
the property boundary and would	
impose significant and unreasonable constraints on	
adjoining properties if standards were rigidly applied.	
	Response to the Chelsea's
34.3.44 The level and type of	Society's concerns regarding
activity generated by the	microclimate.
development can impact on	
amenity, such as increased traffic,	
parking, noise, odours and	
vibrations in addition to impacts	
created by the development's	
physical structure which can have	
microclimatic effects. Therefore,	
the anticipated level of activity as	
well as the effects on the local	
microclimate should be carefully	

		RBKC/18F
	taken into consideration to ensure that a high level of amenity is maintained.Policy CL5d. require that there is no significant impact on the use of buildings and spaces due to increases in traffic, parking, noise, odours, vibration or local microclimatic effects.Add at the end: NOTE: Refer to Policy CE6 in relation to noise and vibration.Para 34.3.45 Small- scale alterations and additions are often necessary to modernise, adapt and extend the life of a building. Such works include improving accessibility; balustrades; alarms, cameras, grilles, shutters and other security equipment; servicing, plant and telecommunications equipment; front walls, railings and forecourt parking; signs which are not advertisements; flagpoles, and	Matter not specifically discussed at the hearing. Matter not specifically discussed at the hearing.
	Policy CL6 Delete note at end of Policy: NOTE: Refer to Policy CE6 in relation to noise and vibration. Corporate or Partnership Actions	
	for Renewing the Legacy 11. The Planning and Borough Development Directorate will continue to run and up-date its Environment Awards Scheme.	
233936 The Ladbroke Association	None	None
178257 DP9 for Brookfield Developments (did not attend)	Density Matrix – see RBKC response to Matter 9a Question 2 Tall buildings/building heights –	None
	see Council's response to Inspector's Question Matter 9a Question 4	

 -		
	Subterranean – ask to discuss under 9b	
	Updating in line with PPS5 – see RBKC response to Matter 9a Question 1.	
	Amenity addressed by post submission changes.	
188572 The Kensington & Chelsea Environmental Round Table (did not attend)	None	None
139439 DP9 for Capital & Counties (did not attend)	Updating in line with PPS5 – see RBKC response to Matter 9a Question 1.	None
	Density Matrix – see RBKC response to Matter 9a Question 2	
	Tall buildings/building heights – see Council's response to Inspector's Question Matter 9a Question 4	
	Amenity addressed by post submission changes.	
134919 Greater London Authority (did not attend)	None	None

# Matter 9a cont: Changes sought during the hearing

Chapter/Section	Change Sought	Council response (or deadline by which response will be made)
CL2 (h, i, j, k, l and m)	The Council offered to supply the text of the revised reasoned justification and policy, annotated to show where it came from in the reasoned justification and policy as originally drafted, to demonstrate that the changes do not trigger a 'soundness' issue.	30 <sup>th</sup> July 2010 See separate paper: RBKC/11a
34.3.43	The Council to consider including microclimate in the issues to be taken into account in relation to amenity	See revised wording to paragraph 34.44 above.
Glossary	Council to include in the glossary a reference to microclimate, linked to point above	Glossary reference to microclimate: <u>A microclimate is a local</u> <u>atmospheric zone where the</u> <u>climate differs from the</u>

#### RBKC/18F surrounding area. The term can refer to small areas which may be immediately adjacent to buildings, but the effects may be felt over a wider area depending on the scale of development. In the Royal Borough the term is related to the local effects on climate of the surrounding townscape, particularly the effect of high or large buildings. CL2(q)The Council was asked to consider if The Council have reviewed the the wording in CL2(g) could be policy and believe it is clearer regarding which parts sufficiently clear related to listed buildings and which do not. CL2(g)The Council was asked to consider The Council explained at the whether incremental (or hearing that the policy already cumulative) should be included in includes for this – through the the policy in terms of structural provision 'safeguard' – if any stability fine tuning was needed it was in relation to the SPD not the Core Strategy Policy. CL2(q)It was noted in the debate that the Propose change to 34.3.20 Subterranean development policy refers to 'neighbouring' and the SPD to 'surrounding. The may have minimal structural Council to consider if any impact on the existing or clarification is needed in the adjoining buildings as long as reasoned justification to policy they are designed and CL2(g) regarding this constructed with great care. The Council requires Construction Method Statements, signed by a Charted Engineer or Charted Structure Engineer, to be submitted with all planning applications for subterranean development. These statements must set out clearly the potential impact, including cumulative impact, of the development on the existing, neighbouring or surrounding buildings, and the measures taken to mitigate these impacts having specific regard to ground conditions. Renewing the Legacy The Council was asked to include a The Council explained at the policy limiting the plot coverage hearings that other policies in that any building could occupy to the plan (CL1, CL2 in

			RBKC/18F
		60%	particular) provide specific
			control to ensure extensions
			are not overbearing, and that
			the 60% would be
			counterproductive because
			applicants would assume they
			could built up to that amount.
	C1 (s.106)	The Council agreed to include	Amend Para 29.2.4 to refer to
	- ( )	reference to the impact of the	the Community Infrastructure
		construction of development in	Levy Regulations 2010, and
		relation to traffic, air quality and	item number 5 to read:
		noise, on the amenity of residents,	
		to allow for s.106 agreements to	29.2.4 Planning Obligations
		include controls related to these	are intended to make
		matters	acceptable development
			which would not otherwise be
			unacceptable in planning
			terms. They might be used to
			prescribe the nature of a
			development; to secure a
			-
			contribution from a developer
			to compensate for loss or
			damage created by a
			development; or to mitigate a
			development's impact. They
			must comply with the
			provisions of Circular 05/2005
			"Planning Obligations", and
			the Community Infrastructure
			Levy Regulations 2010 and
			such measures may include:
			5. provision of transportation
			facilities – including facilities
			for walking and cycling,
			inclusive public transport and
			highways improvements to
			cater for the impact of the
			development and impact of
			the construction of
			development in relation to
			traffic, air quality and noise on
			the amenity of residents, and
			towards Crossrail where
			development within the CAZ
			or in other circumstances,
			would require this as a result
			of London Plan Supplementary
			Planning Guidance (SPG) and
			permit-free development;
	Renewing the Legacy,	In relation to the point above, the	On further consideration, the
	section on Amenity	Council are of the view that	Council is of the view that
		reference should be made in this	changes are not required to
		section to this matter also.	this section.
L	1		

Note, subterranean dealt	
with under 9b	

# Matter NINE (B): Proposals tabled by RBKC prior to matter hearing

	10am – 1.00pm (Approx)		
Week 2			
Day 5 Wednesday	Matter 9b Respecting Environmental Limits CE1,	RBKC responses to statements submitted for the hearings	Notes from the hearings
28th July 2010	CE2, CE3, CE6	submitted for the nearings	
	- 175783 The Kensington Society	None	None
	- 233963 The Ladbroke Association	None	None
	- 176315 Peacock and Smith for Wm Morrison	None	None
	Supermarkets (did not attend)		
	- 134910 CB Richard Ellis for Kensignton Housing Trust (did not attend)	None	None
	- 178257 DP9 for Brookfield Developments (did not attend)	None	None
	- 188572 The Kensington and Chelsea Environmental Round Table (did not attend)	None	None
	- 139439 DP9 for Capital and Counties (did not attend)	None	None
	- 134919 Greater London Authority (did not attend)	None	None

# Matter 9B cont: Changes sought during the hearing

Chapter/Section	Change Sought	Council response (or deadline by which response will be made)
36.3.15	The Council agreed to include text that the flooding section of the plan would be subject to early review in the light of further evidence in relation to surface water and sewer flooding that gave the Council evidence of sufficient quality on which to base policies.	New Paragraph after 36.3.18 <u>As the evidence for surface</u> <u>and sewer water flooding is</u> <u>evolving rapidly, the Council</u> <u>will undertake an early review</u> <u>to policy CE2, if necessary,</u> <u>once areas with critical</u> <u>drainage problems, as defined</u> in PPS 25, have been identified

		RBKC/18F
		accurately, as agreed with the
		Environment Agency.
34.3.20	The Council agreed to amend the	In addition, to ensure
	wording (second to last sentence)	subterranean developments
	to make specific reference to SUDs	do not add to the
		impermeable surfacing of the
		Borough, <u>Sustainable Urban</u>
		Drainage Systems (SUDs) or
		other measures will be
		required, sufficient soil depth
		to absorb water and slow its
		entry into the drainage system
		is needed.
 CE2(h) (c) and (d)	The Council agreed to include	b) () as defined in the
CE2 (b), (c) and (d)	The Council agreed to include	
	wording in the policy to allow those	Strategic Flood Risk
	policies to be applied to other areas	Assessment, <u>for sites in areas</u>
	that are agreed with the	with critical drainage problems
	Environment Agency	and for all sites greater than 1
		hectare.
		c) () and for sites in areas
		with critical drainage problems
		d) require development at risk
		from flooding in Flood Risk
		Zones 2 and 3, in areas with
		critical drainage problems, or
		sites greater than 1 ha to
		incorporate suitable flood
		defence or flood mitigation
		measures ()
CE2 (e) and Glossary (and	Include the acronym 'SUDs'	30 <sup>th</sup> July 2010 (PC)
associated reasoned	alongside the full text Sustainable	Sustainable Urban Drainage
justification)	urban drainage for clarity	Systems (SUDs). (). According
		to the Mayor's drainage
		hierarchy, SUDs could include
		the storage of rainwater for
		later use, the use of infiltration
		techniques, such as porous
		surfaces in non-clay areas, the
		attenuation of rainwater in
		ponds or open water features
		for gradual release and the
		attenuation of rainwater by
		storing in tanks or sealed
		water features for gradual
		<u>release.</u>

# <u>Matter TEN:</u> Proposals tabled by RBKC prior to matter hearing

	2.00pm –5.00pm (Approx)	
Week 2		

Day 5 Wednesday 28th July 2010	Matter 10 Diversity of Housing CH2, CH3, CH4	<b>RBKC</b> responses to statements submitted for the hearings	RBKC/18F Notes from the hearings
	RBKC	Updating Criterion (p) of CH2 Criterion (p) requires a viability assessment where scheme fail to provide 50% affordable housing on floorspace in excess of 800 m2.	This change was superseded by debate at the hearing
		As a result of earlier criteria (i) to (k), the paragraph should be clarified so that a viability assessment is required where schemes fail to contribute affordable housing in excess of the	
		threshold, irrespective of the 50% target. This brings the criterion in line with the policy direction to achieve the 'maximum reasonable amount' of affordable housing:	
		(p) require a viability assessment, using the GLA toolkit or an agreed alternative, to be submitted where schemes fail to provide <del>50%</del> affordable housing on floorspace in excess of 800m2;	
	- 224894 Bell Cornwell (did not attend)	None. Proposed amendments have been suggested which should overcome the concerns. These changes relate to Policy CH2 criterion (b), concerning various standards that are listed. Initially, a change was inserted into the Submission Core Strategy, with a slight amendment for the post- submission schedule through the further insertion of "because of other policy requirements,".	This amendment was already within the schedule of changes
		The final suggested amendment therefore, following CH2 (b) iii, reads as follows:	
		"Where compliance with the above standards is not possible because of other policy requirements, to require new residential developments to demonstrate that all reasonable measures to meet them have been taken"	

 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		RBKC/18F
	In addition to the above, further signposting to the standards is suggested in response to a number of representors concerns elsewhere.	
- 337760 DP9 for Treasury Invest	None	None
- 179625 DP9 for Chelsfield	None	None
- 178257 DP9 for Brookfield Developments	None	None
Developments - 175783 The Kensington Society	Agree to a change at 35.3.12 to refer to the London Plan and the London Housing Design Guide: Paragraph 35.3.12 should be amended to read "Size of dwellings is not just a matter of their habitable rooms or bedrooms. The absolute size of the dwelling matters, both in terms of floorspace, and floor to ceiling heights. Increasingly it is being realised that planning has a legitimate role to play in setting standards not only for affordable housing, but for private housing as well, to ensure the dwellings we build today are flexible and provide quality accommodation in the long term. The Mayor has proposed the introduction of minimum housing standards in the draft replacement London Plan (Policy 3.5 and table 3.3), and space standards which must be met as a minimum for new developments are contained within the London Housing Design Guide (draft for Consultation July 2009). The Housing Design Guide also sets minimum floor to ceiling heights within habitable rooms. These standards will inform requirements within the Borough."	These changes were not specifically discussed at the hearing

		"The cost of intermediate housing should be set at the usefully affordable point," However, reference to the Council's forthcoming SPD is not made, because no SPDs are referenced in the Core Strategy, because as SPDs are introduced, the CS becomes out of date. An index of current documents in the LDF will be available on the website.	
	49 Gerald Eve for ns Properties (Chelsea)	None	None
	60 Gerald Eve for an Estates	None	None
	85 Kensington & a Social Council	See Kensington Society above	See above
Kensin	10 CB Richard Ellis for gton Housing Trust ot attend)	None	None
Welco	42 Cluttons for the me Trust ot attend)	None	None
The Jo	84 CB Richard Ellis for hn Lewis Partnership ot attend)	See Kensington Society above	See above
- 1394 Counti	39 DP9 for Capital & ies	None	None

# Matter 10 cont: Changes sought during the hearing

	Chapter/Section	Change Sought	Council response (or deadline by which response will be made)
	CH2	The Council was asked to consider including reference to the needs of tenants in relation to provision of affordable housing in this policy	The Council explained at the hearing that this was covered in CH4 in relation to estate renewal
	CH2	The Council was asked to include a specific affordable housing size mix in the policy	The Council explained at the hearing that this was not considered appropriate for the Core Strategy and would be the subject of a forthcoming SPD
3	35.3.10	The Council agreed to add 'or larger' after 'four and five bed houses' in this paragraph	Change 35.3.10 to read: "There is an overall shortage of all sizes of affordable homes in the Royal Borough.

			RBKC/18F
			The greatest shortage relative
			to supply of social rented
			housing is for properties with
			four or more bedrooms: 45%
			of homes are recommended
			to include one and two
			bedrooms and 55% three <del>or</del>
			and four <u>or more</u> bedrooms.
			The main identified shortfalls
			in terms of market housing are
			for three and four <u>or more</u>
			bedroom homes. Over the
			next 20 years, the size of new
			market housing likely to be
			required in the Borough is 20%
			one and two bedroom units
			and 80% three and four <u>or</u>
			more bedroom units"
	35.3.23	The Council agreed to include text	After Para 35.3.23 insert:
		to explain the type of flexibility it	
		has in mind in relation to CH2(b)	"Where compliance with the
			various standards is not
			possible due to other policy
			requirements, for example in
			the case of development
			involving historic buildings, the
			development should
			demonstrate that all
			reasonable measures have
			been taken to meet them."
	CH2(b)	The Council agreed to include 'as a	In order to ensure that
		minimum' or similar text in relation	standards can be exceeded if
		to 'meeting the following targets' in	they are superseded or revised
		this policy	in the future, amend criterion
			CH2(b) to read:
			Require new residential
			developments, including
			conversions, amalgamations
			and changes of use, to be
			designed to <u>as a minimum</u>
			<u>achieve meet</u> all the following
			standards":
	CH1(b)	The Council agreed to insert	Amend Policy CH1(b) to read:
		'minimum' before the target of 200	
		affordable homes in the plan period	"(b) make provision for the
			maximum amount of
			affordable housing with a
			target of <u>a minimum of</u> 200
			units per annum from
			2011/2012 until"
	35.3.18	The Council agreed to include some	35.3.18 In order to ensure we
		of the text from para 3.8 of the	are delivering the maximum
L			

		RBKC/18F
	RBKC paper submitted in response	reasonable amount of
	to Inspector's Matter 10 Question 3,	affordable housing,
	that is referencing the criteria the	developments proposing less
	London Plan cites in relation to	than 50% will need to
	assessing maximum reasonable	demonstrate a viability case,
	amount of affordable housing.	using the GLA toolkit or an
		agreed alternative. <u>The target</u>
	It has also been necessary to	is based on the high level of
	amplify the reasoned justification regarding the 50% target and so	need, and takes account of the Council's Affordable Housing
	para. 35.3.18 has been split into	Viability Study. The intention is
	two separate paragraphs, one	to provide certainty to those
	dealing with the target, and the	developing housing in the
	following paragraph dealing with	Royal Borough as to the level
	how viability concerns will be	of affordable housing that is
	assessed in applying the target.	expected.
		<u>espected.</u>
		35.3.18b In assessing any
		viability assessments the
		Council will have regard to the
		'dynamic viability model'
		developed by Fordham
		Research and individual site
		circumstances . The Dynamic
		Viability Model It allows for
		changing market
		circumstances to be assessed
		annually, and therefore allows
		for the proportion of
		affordable housing sought to
		be more closely related to market conditions. This model
		can also take into account
		other planning obligations. A
		statement demonstrating the
		exceptional site circumstances
		or the weight attached to
		other benefits from the
		scheme should accompany
		any application proposing less
		than 50% affordable housing
		target, to justify to the Council
		a reduced level of affordable
		housing provision. Targets
		should be applied flexibly,
		taking account of individual
		site constraints, the availability
		of public subsidy and other
		scheme requirements.
<b>NB Council</b> <i>CH2(i) and (p)</i>	The Council agreed to redraft these	CH2 (i)
	68	

			RBKC/18F
response modified since schedule last published		policies with a simple 50% target, for the inspector to consider as an alternative to the text of the Submitted plan	Require developments to provide affordable housing at 50% by floor area on residential floorspace in excess of 800m <sup>2</sup> gross external area.
			CH2 (p) Where a scheme over 800m2 does not provide 50% of gross external residential floorspace for affordable housing, the applicant must demonstrate: i) the maximum reasonable amount of affordable housing is provided through the provision of a viability assessment, using the GLA toolkit or an agreed alternative ii) the exceptional site circumstances or other public benefits to justify the reduced affordable housing provision.
re	CH2(i)	The Council was asked to include 'in the vicinity of the principle site' in this policy, instead of the wider borough approach	The Council explained at the hearing that this was not considered an effective means to deliver the affordable housing – it was the present policy and hard to implement.
	СНЗ(b)	The Council agreed to reconsider the wording in relation to affordable housing, and whether this should specify social rented and intermediate housing	Amend CH3(b) to read: b) resist the loss of <u>both social</u> <u>rented and intermediate</u> affordable housing floorspace and units throughout the Borough;
	CH4(b)	The Council to consider including 'meeting tenants needs' into this policy	CH4 (b): guarantee all existing tenants an opportunity of a home <u>that meets their needs</u> , with those wishing to stay in the area <u>neighbourhood</u> being able to do so;
	CH4(b)	The Council to consider replacing 'area' with neighbourhood	See above

		RBKC/18F
Glossary	Council to check if this definition is based on the London Plan and thus on the social model of inclusiveness	Glossary definition is already based on social model, building on London Plan definition.
General	The Council was asked to consider reference to the Access Design Guide SPD	The Council explained at the hearing that no reference was made to any SPD in the document, to avoid the printed document getting out of date with the adoption of later SPDs not being referenced. A list of SPD is available on the website, and will be addressed through the 'signposting' identified at on the first day of the hearings.
CH2c	The Council to consider whether the specific reference to the south of the borough was correct, as there was a shortage across the borough	The Council have reviewed the wording, and do not believe it is necessary to change it – it is clear extra care housing is encouraged throughout the borough, but the evidence indicates that although there is a shortage across the borough, it is in the south where the deficiency is greatest.
35.4.4 and pp447 – evidence base under housing	The Council was asked to standardise reference to the report in these two locations of the plan	Amend Paragraph 35.4.4 to update for consistency with evidence base, and finalised report: 35.4.4 The institute of Public Care was commissioned by the Council in October 2007, to assist in the development of an older people's housing strategy: "RBKC Older People's Housing Needs – Research Paper May 2008". The report is based on an analysis of local information and statistics about older people and housing, and indicates the strategic direction that the Council could follow over the next decade in relation to this topic"

# Matter ELEVEN:

# Proposals tabled by RBKC prior to matter hearing

	10.00am –1.00pm (Approx)		
Week 2			
Day 6 Thursday 29th July 2010	Matter 11 Infrastructure/Monitoring, Risks & Contingencies/Proposals Map	RBKC responses to statements submitted for the hearings	Notes from the hearings
	RBKC	Chapter 38 – Various minor wording changes	See final schedule of changes
	- 175783 The Kensington	None	None
	Society		
	- 398154 The Health & Safety Executive (HSE) (did not attend)	None	None
	- 139439 DP9 for Capital & Counties (did not attend)	None	None
	- 372420 The Knightsbridge Association (did not attend)	None	None

# Matter 11 cont: Changes sought during the hearing

	Chapter/Section	Change Sought	Council response (or deadline by which response will be made)
	Chapter 37 Infrastructure	Council agreed to put the infrastructure table in an appendix, rather than in a chapter of the plan. Chapter 37 will remain, albeit it will be a short chapter.	Prior to adoption (JMed)
NB Council response modified since schedule last published	Infrastructure, Monitoring and Contingencies and Risks (Chapters 37, 38 and 39)	Council to ensure that any changes offered to the policies regarding Earl's Court during the hearings are followed through into chapters 37, 38 and 39.	Changes to Chapter 38 (Monitoring) is considered in the separate Monitoring Schedule of Changes. Chapter 37 (Infrastructure) will be revised to ensure that all development in the Earl's Court 'Place' contributes to delivering the infrastructure requirements listed in Chapter 37 that relate to the Earl's Court 'Place'. The following changes are proposed: Pg248 (where): Community facilities in Earl's Court area, provided as part of 100 West Cromwell Road Earl's Court

 		RBKC/18F
		<u>'Place'.</u>
		Pg248 (where): Earl's Court Exhibition Centre Strategic Site
		Pg249 (where): Earl's Court <u>'Place'</u>
		Pg249 (where): Earl's Court <del>One-Way System</del> <u>'Place'</u>
		Pg249 (where): Earl's Court <u>'Place' / Warwick Road area:</u> NHS K&C requirements.
		Pg249 (where): Earl's Court <u>'Place'</u> <del>and West Brompton</del> <del>Stations – interchange</del>
		Pg249 (what): Potential for improved public transport interchange <u>at Earl's Court and</u> <u>West Brompton Stations</u>
		Propose change to risk 7(b) Risk (ii) in Chapter 39 to become Risk 7(c) to the following: Column 3: Dependency – <u>n/a</u> Column 4: Central to the delivery – <u>yes</u> Column 5: Risk – Risk (ii) The different sites are not developed comprehensively but come forward in a piecemeal manner Column 6: Likelihood – <del>low</del> <u>med</u> Column 7: Impact on strategy – med Column 8: Plan B – yes Column 9: Alternatives – <u>Strategic Site comes forward</u> on its own. The policy and
		supporting text in chapter 26 takes this in to account.
Infrastructure table, pp261, row relating to Counters Creek	Council agreed to change the dates in the 'when' column, and insert a new row to deal with the short- term fitting of 'flips' to properties	New Counters Creek row has been inserted, in addition to existing:
	by Thames Water	Amend 'When' column to: 2020

		RBKC/18F
		<ul> <li>Insert:</li> <li>1) Short-term flood alleviation (FLIPS) using mini-package pumping stations these are £323M 2005-2010. £340m allocated within flood alleviation business plan for 2010-2015.</li> <li>2) Counters Creek alleviation scheme. Ofwat decision to progress £25m in short term (included</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>within the above costings). Longer term costings to be advised.</li> <li>Amend 'Cost' column to: £323M - (£340M and £25M).</li> <li>Updates to be provided and included in IDP once known.</li> </ul>
Infrastructure table in general	Council agreed to check the table for factual inaccuracies and to correct them	Checking undertaken and on- going through IDP process.
Infrastructure table	Council agreed to put row numbers on the table for ease of reference	Prior to adoption (JMed) Row numbers to be included in IDP which will form part of an appendix to the Core Strategy.
Monitoring	Council agreed that on all matters relating to the amount of floorspace permitted for different uses, monitoring would also take place on the basis of completions on site, as well as planning consents.	See separate schedule of monitoring changes. RBKC/32.
Risks and Contingencies	The Council was asked to include Counters Creek as a row within the contingencies and risks table	The Council explained at the hearing that the contingencies and risks related to planning policies, and the Counters Creek upgrade was not the subject of a planning policy. It was not therefore appropriate to include it.
Chapter 18 Lots Road	The Council was asked to include reference in this chapter to the creation of a new neighbourhood centre as a result of the new	Reference to new neighbourhood centre in the text of paragraph 18.1.4

		RBKC/18F
	development, to reflect the	A planning application was
	annotation on the key diagram	approved on appeal by the
		Secretary of State in 2006. This
		cross-boundary mixed-used
		development will include
		retail, <u>providing a new</u>
		neighbourhood centre,
		business and over 400 new
		dwellings <u>in the Borough</u> and
		over 380 new dwellings, car
		and cycle parking, children's
		playspace, and works to
		<u>Chelsea Creek and Chelsea</u>
		Basin in the London Borough
		of Hammersmith and Fulham.
		Implementation of this
		permission has yet to
		commence.
		Also change to the Vision, 18.2
		() The Lots Road Power
		Station site development will
		play a vital role in improving
		the vitality of the area by
		providing a mixture of uses
		including housing, new
		neighbourhood <del>shops <u>centre</u>,</del>
		offices and social and
		community facilities including
		mooring facilities.
Borough Vision CV1	Council agreed that for consistency	Having considered this, the
	they would consider including Lots	Council have concluded that it
	Road Neighbourhood Centre in the	is very difficult to include this
	Vision, CV1	in the Vision in a way that
		reads well. Lots Road can only
		be included in the final
		paragraph (as it is not in North
		Kensington, nor part of the
		Borough with a national or
		international reputation).
		However referencing a single
		place in this last paragraph is
		'out of place'. An alternative
		would be to group all the town
		centres together, but that
		looses the connection of the
		other centres to the relevant
		parts of the Vision. The
		conclusion therefore is not to
		change the Vision. However, a
		change has been made to
		Chapter 18, including to the
		Lot's Road Vision, see above

## **MISCELLANEOUS**

	Chapter/Section	Change Sought	Council response (or deadline by which response will be made)
	RBKC	Change all references from 'North Kensington Sports Centre' to 'Kensington Leisure Centre' throughout document	Prior to adoption (BR)
	General	Page numbers to be added to the pages with plans on	Prior to adoption (DN)
	RBKC	Add New station roundel by Imperial Wharf Station to denote future Crossrail 2 station	Prior to adoption (JMas/DN)
	Proposals Map	To include reference on the key in relation to flood zones 1 and 2 that the Environment Agency website should be consulted as the areas are subject to change	Prior to adoption (JMas)
	Respecting Environmental Limits Plan	As above	Prior to adoption (BR)
	Housing Trajectory	To ensure that the trajectory is up to date and accurate	Prior to adoption (JMed) The most up-t-date Housing Trajectory, as provided within RBKC/1 will be included in the published Core Strategy.
NB New Item	Chapter 34, policy CL1(f)	To clarify policy wording by including reference to developments which prejudice the development of adjacent sites	CL1(f) require a comprehensive approach to site layout and design including adjacent sites where these are suitable for redevelopment, <u>resisting</u> <u>schemes which prejudice</u> <u>future development potential</u> <u>and/or quality</u>