43 Evidence Base

43.0.1 The list below comprises the key documents of evidence for the Core Strategy. Publications and studies that are forthcoming and have not been included in this list will form part of the full evidence base at the Publication stage of the Core Strategy.

Keeping Life Local

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Kensington and Chelsea PCT 10 year Primary Care Strategy 2008.

Royal Borough of Kensington and Chelsea: Location for a new secondary school report 2009.

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Metropolitan Police Authority: Asset Management Plan (2007).

Kensington and Chelsea Partnership: Community Strategy 2008-2018.

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Fostering Vitality

Royal Borough of Kensington and Chelsea: Arts and Cultural Policy 2009-20.

Royal Borough of Kensington and Chelsea: The study of the visitor economy, 2009.

Royal Borough of Kensington and Chelsea: Understanding the creative and cultural section in Kensington and Chelsea. December 2008.

Royal Borough of Kensington and Chelsea: Hotels Survey, 2004.

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Kensington and Chelsea Partnership: Community Strategy 2008-2018.

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Cross London Rail Links: Chelsea-Hackney Line Safeguarding Directions June 2008

The Royal Borough of Kensington & Chelsea: Briefing for the Cabinet Member for Transportation, Environment and Leisure: Chelsea Hackney Line. 9th April 2009

MVA Consultancy: Physical and technical review on three potential sites for an additional Crossrail station for the Royal Borough of Kensington and Chelsea. November 2006

Mayor of London. Draft Supplementary Planning Guidance. Use of planning obligations in the funding of Crossrail, May 2009

Royal Borough of Kensington and Chelsea: Parking Stress Study 2004

Mayor for London/TfL: Travel in London Report. Key trends and developments. Report number 1. 2009 Transport Research Laboratory: Carplus annual survey of car clubs: by D Myers and S Cains. Published project report PPR399. 2008/2009

TfL car club strategy 2008

Royal Borough of Kensington and Chelsea: North Pole station – assessment of new station and consideration of bus based alternatives by MVA Consultancy. February 2008.

Kensington and Chelsea Partnership: Community Strategy 2008-2018

Royal Borough of Kensington and Chelsea: North Pole station: Comparing the convenience of journey-making between via North Pole station on the West London Line and via bus connections: Technical Note by MVA Consultancy. February 2009

An Engaging Public Realm

Royal Borough of Kensington and Chelsea: Play Strategy 2006/2009.

Royal Borough of Kensington and Chelsea: Open Spaces Audit 2004.

Kensington and Chelsea Partnership: Community Strategy 2008-2018.

Royal Borough of Kensington and Chelsea: Parks Strategy December 2005.

Royal Borough of Kensington and Chelsea: Streetscape guide 2006.

Royal Borough of Kensington and Chelsea: Spatial Analysis of pedestrian movement for the Borough. Atkins, March 2009.

Renewing the Legacy

Royal Borough of Kensington and Chelsea: Conservation Area Proposal Statements.

CABE guidance Design and Access Statements 2006.

Royal Borough of Kensington and Chelsea: Subterranean Development: Background Study 2007. Royal Borough of Kensington and Chelsea: Architecture Review.

Kensington and Chelsea Partnership: Community Strategy 2008-2018.

Kensington and Chelsea Community Safety Partnership Crime and Community Safety Plan 2009-2012.

Fordham Research: Royal Borough of Kensington and Chelsea: Strategic Housing Land Availability Assessment 2009.

High Buildings Background Study

Housing

Strategic Housing Land Availability Assessment 2009 (SHLAA)

Greater London Strategic Housing Market Assessment 2008

Royal Borough of Kensington and Chelsea: Strategic Housing Market Assessment 2009

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GLA (2004) Accessible London SPG

Respecting Environmental Limits

Analysis to support climate change indicators for local authorities, April 2008. Prepared by AEA Technology PLC for the Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs.

Royal Borough for Kensington and Chelsea: Strategic Flood Risk Assessment 2009

Cost Analysis of the Code for Sustainable Homes – CLG July 2008

Code for Sustainable Homes: setting the standard in sustainability for new homes. February 2008 Code for Sustainable Homes – Technical Guide – 2008

"Cracking the Code" Sustainable Homes April 2008

Royal Borough of Kensington and Chelsea: Local Air Quality Management Progress Report 2008 Royal Borough of Kensington and Chelsea: Climate Change Strategy 2008 – 2015

Mayors Ambient Noise Strategy 2004

Royal Borough of Kensington and Chelsea: Sequential Test 2009

Department for the Environment and Rural Affairs (DEFRA) / AEA Technology Plc Environmental Statistics 2005/06

Environment Agency, RBKC Fact Sheet, prepared as part of the Environment Agency's State of the Environment - London

http://www.hlf.org.uk/future/factsandfigures.html

Climate Change and the Historic Environment, English Heritage. January 2008

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London Atmospheric Emissions Inventory 2006 GLA (released April 2009

Royal Borough of Kensington and Chelsea: Waste Report 2009

Revision of Sites of Nature Conservation Importance, RBKC. June 2009

Global Biodiversity Outlook 2 Report: United Nations 2006

Residential Evidence Base Report for Planning Policy CE1, prepared by Pitman Tozer / Eight Associates, October 2009

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Http://ukcp09.defra.gov.uk/content/view/16/6/index/html

Thames Water, Counters Creek Study, 2009.

http://www.audit-commission.gov.uk/SiteCollectionDocuments/Downloads/200708bvpidataquartiles190309.xls Adapted information from Natural England -

http://www.naturalengland.org.uk/ourwork/conservation/biodiversity/why_is_biodiversity_important_/default.aspx

Kensal

The Royal Borough of Kensington and Chelsea: Kevin Murray Report: Kensal Canalside Pre-feasibility study, January 2009.

Opportunity Areas Borough Briefing GLA 2009.

Golborne/Trellick

Royal Borough of Kensington and Chelsea: Golborne Road Report 2006. Royal Borough of Kensington and Chelsea: Wornington Green "A brief for Change 2006".

Latimer

Royal Borough of Kensington and Chelsea: Latimer 'naming' report 2009. Royal Borough of Kensington and Chelsea: Spatial Analysis of pedestrian movement for the Borough. Atkins, March 2009.

Earl's Court

ICC commission report 2005.

Royal Borough of Kensington and Chelsea: Warwick Road Planning brief 2008. Warwick Roadsites planning permission.

Lots Road/Worlds End

Lots Road Power Station planning permission.

Portobello/Notting Hill Gate

GLA, London-wide Town Centre Health Checks, January 2007.

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Knightsbridge

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Retail Commission. A Balance of Trade: Retail: May 2007.

Royal Borough of Kensington and Chelsea: EmploymentLand and Premises Survey. Annual Business Inquiry Roger Tym & Partners, 2007.

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Royal Borough of Kensington and Chelsea: Retail Needs Assessment, 2008.

Royal Borough of Kensington and Chelsea: EmploymentLand and Premises Survey. Annual Business Inquiry Roger Tym & Partners, 2007.

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Royal Borough of Kensington and Chelsea for the Core Strategy: Appendices to the Interim Sustainability Report (1-12) by Scott Wilson, November 2005.

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Royal Borough of Kensington and Chelsea: Equalities Impact Assessment 2009.

Royal Borough of Kensington and Chelsea: Health Impact Assessment 2009.

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Kensington and Chelsea Partnership: Community Strategy 2008-2018.

Royal Borough of Kensington and Chelsea: Core Strategy Statement on Consultation Compliance 2009.

44 Relationship to the Community Strategy

44.0.1 The Core Strategy deliver the spatial aspects of the Community Strategy. The table below shows the correlation between the aims of Community Strategy and how the policies of the Core Strategy will help to deliver these aims.

Community Strategy Aim	Corresponding Strategic Objective, Place, Strategic Site and Policy
Environment and Transport	
Aim 1: To protect and improve the borough's environment by: i. Protecting and enhancing the borough's	The following Core Strategy objectives, policies and visions cover all aspects of Aim 1 of Environment and Transport, with the exception of
residential and historic character, services and amenities, trees, parks and open spaces;	vii. as it is not a spatial issue. Strategic Objective CO 1.4: An Engaging Public
ii. Continuously seeking to improve the borough's streetscape, undertaking major improvement	Realm. Strategic Objective CO 1.5: Renewing the Legacy.
projects, promoting good design, the use of high quality materials and workmanship and the removal of street clutter;	Strategic Objective CO 1.7: Respecting Environmental Limits.
iii. Maintain the borough's unique built environment	Policy CR1: Street Network.
and local heritage, preserving the borough's listed buildings and conservation areas;	Policy CR2: Three-Dimensional Street Form.
iv. Ensuring that new buildings enhance the	Policy CR4: Streetscape.
townscape;	Policy CL1: Context and Character.
v. Enhancing local biodiversity and preserving local habitats;	Policy CL2: New Buildings, Extensions and Modifications to Existing Buildings.
vi. Identifying contaminated sites and ensuring that remediation plans are implemented to deal with	Policy CL3: Historic Environment.
any pollution risks;	Policy CL4: Historic Assets.
vii. Providing environmental awareness and workplace safety training.	Policy CE4: Biodiversity.
Aim 2: To deliver services and work with local people day to day to make the borough a pleasant place by:	The following Core Strategy objectives, policies and visions cover points ii. & iii Aim 2 of Environment and Transport. Points i, iv & v are not spatial issues.
 Providing an effective and speedy response to residents' complaints about noise and other nuisances; 	Strategic Objective CO 1.5: Renewing the Legacy.
ii. Protecting residents from noise and disturbance;	Strategic Objective CO 1.7: Respecting Environmental Limits.
iii. Creating and maintaining well-designed,	Policy CL5: Amenity.
well-managed, clean and safe streets and public areas;	Policy CE6: Noise and Vibration.

Community Strategy Aim	Corresponding Strategic Objective, Place, Strategic Site and Policy
iv. Encouraging people to be considerate towards their neighbours, to take pride in their area and to join in efforts to improve it;	
v. Being clear with people about behaviour that has unacceptable environmental impacts and how it will be dealt with.	
Aim 3: To Improve local transport management, service and networks , and encourage and provide for alternative travel opportunities to car-use by: i. Working with strategic and operational partners to enhance the public transport system for the	The following Core Strategy objectives, policies and visions covers all aspects of Aim 3 of Environment and Transport, with the exception of points iv which is not a spatial issue. Strategic Objective CO 1.3: Better Travel Choices.
whole community, expanding services where needed and improving the passenger experience;	Strategic Objective CO 1.4: An Engaging Public Realm.
ii. Maintaining streets to a high standard so that walking is easy and safe and cyclists, buses and other vehicles can move safely;	Policy CT1: Improving alternatives to car use. Policy CT2: New and enhanced rail infrastructure.
iii. Continuing to lobby Transport for London and the Mayor of London for increased influence over Red Route roads within the borough;	Policy CR1: Street Network. Policy CR4: Streetscape.
iv. Improving road user and pedestrian safety through promoting safer behaviour by driver, cyclists and pedestrians, tackling antisocial behaviour and promoting positive road safety messages in schools and with residents and the business community;	
v. Ensuring that recreational, educational, health facilities and shopping centres are easily accessible by public transport.	
 Aim 4: To promote energy efficiency, recycling and the reduction of pollution by: i. Encouraging and involving residents and businesses to take part in recycling and waste minimisation schemes in order to reduce waste sent to landfill; 	The following Core Strategy objectives, policies and visions covers all aspects of Aim 4 of Environment and Transport, with the exception of points i, ii, iii, iv & xii which are not a spatial issues. Strategic Objective CO 1.3: Better Travel Choices.
ii. Improving the borough's waste collection service, including thrice weekly collection for households with the least amount of storage space, and ensuring that high standards are maintained by SITA;	Strategic Objective CO 1.7: Respecting Environmental Limits. Policy CT1: Improving alternatives to car use. Policy CT2: New and enhanced rail infrastructure. Policy CE5: Air Quality.

Community Strategy Aim	Corresponding Strategic Objective, Place, Strategic Site and Policy
iii. Seeking to develop a consensus among residents and businesses for radical changes in behaviour so that biodegradable waste is not mixed with other waste;	
iv. Promoting environmental education in schools;	
v. Refreshing the Council's Air Quality Action Plans with the help of residents, the PCT and the Health Protection Unit;	
vi. Encouraging and promoting the use of energy efficiency and anti-pollution measures across the Council, PCT, police, fire service, businesses an the voluntary and community sectors;	
vii. Working with Transport for London and London Councils to minimise the environmental effects of noise, congestion, and air pollution caused by transport;	
viii. Encouraging people to take measures to minimise the environmental impact of transport, including the use of shared journeys to school or work, walking and cycling;	
ix. Protecting local shopping centres, particularly to minimise people's need to use transport;	
x. Encouraging walking and cycling as attractive forms of travel for short journeys;	
xi. Promoting the use of public transport and powered two-wheelers as alternatives to the car;	
xii. Leading and supporting a number of enforcement and education initiatives to reduce emissions from vehicles and improve air quality.	
Aim 5: To tackle the causes of climate change that arise from the activities of those living and working in the borough and take action to adapt to the unavoidable effects of climate change that are likely to occur by:	The following Core Strategy objectives, policies and visions covers all aspects of Aim 5 of Environment and Transport, with the exception of points iii which is not a spatial issue.
i. reducing the Council's carbon footprint;	Strategic Objective CO 1.3: Better Travel Choices.
ii. seeking to achieve a significant reduction of	Strategic Objective CO 1.7: Respecting Environmental Limits.
greenhouse gases within the borough, promoting alternative solutions to energy sourcing and use,	Policy CT1: Improving alternatives to car use.
travel and transport options, and waste production and disposal;	Policy CT2: New and enhanced rail infrastructure.
	Policy CE1: Climate Change.

Community Strategy Aim	Corresponding Strategic Objective, Place, Strategic Site and Policy
iii. promoting sustainable procurement practices across the Council, PCT, police, businesses and the voluntary and community sectors, and participating in the Mayor of London's Green Procurement Code;	
iv. identifying the problems arising from climate change and working with local residents, businesses and organisations to mitigate their impact.	
Culture, Arts and Leisure	
Aim 1: To encourage active participation in, and build an informed and critical audience for arts and cultural activity by:	Although Aim 1 of Culture, Arts and Leisure is spatial issue, the specific points included in Aim 1 are not spatially related to planning. However, the Core Strategy includes a policy on Arts and
i. increasing active participation in arts and cultural activity from its current level by two per cent per	Culture Uses.
year;	Strategic Objective CO 1.2: Fostering Vitality.
ii. fostering a climate where residents will be proud of and take an active part in a wide range of arts and culture;	Policy CF7: Arts and Culture Uses.
iii. enabling residents of all ages to be actively involved in their local communities, and to influence the programme of cultural	
activities on offer to them;	
iv. developing a stronger sense of civic pride and community, with greater understanding of the different cultures in the borough and the needs of vulnerable groups, fostering a stronger sense of health, wellbeing and happiness;	
v. providing opportunities for residents to take part in informed debates about art and culture;	
vi. supporting a climate where innovation is encouraged and where artists from all disciplines are supported.	
Aim 2: To develop excellence in artistic practice by:	The following Core Strategy objectives, policies and visions covers all aspects of Aim 2 of Culture, Arts and Leisure, with the exception of points v.
i. promoting the Royal Borough as home to a thriving artistic and cultural community;	which is not a spatial issue.
ii. ensuring art and design on offer to residents is of the best quality;	Strategic Objective CO 1.2: Fostering Vitality. Strategic Objective CO 1.4: An Engaging Public Realm.

Community Strategy Aim	Corresponding Strategic Objective, Place, Strategic Site and Policy
iii. attracting new businesses to the Royal Borough, fuelling the economy and encouraging new residents to the borough, enriching the social mix;	Policy CF1:Location of New Shop Uses. Policy CF2: Retail Development with Town Centres.
 iv. developing a range of spaces suitable for use by artists and cultural organisations to create, develop, rehearse or sell their work; v. encouraging innovative approaches to temporary use of vacant premises or spaces which may suit a wide range of art forms such as visual arts theatre, dance or designer-makers; vi. developing an international reputation for architectural innovation and the care and preservation of heritage; vii. ensuring that public spaces in the Royal Borough will have high quality contemporary and traditional programmes of public art, activities and 	Centres. Policy CF3: Diversity of uses with Town Centres. Policy CF5: Location of Business Uses. Policy CF7: Arts and Culture Uses. Policy CF9: The South Kensington Strategic Cultural Area. Policy CR3: Street and Outdoor Life.
 temporary interventions that will excite and delight. Aim 3: To encourage literacy, reading and life long learning for the community's cultural and personal development and economic good by: i. transforming the library service to give individuals more choice about how they access information through more personalised services; 	Although Aim 3 of Culture, Arts and Leisure is spatial issue, the specific points included in Aim 3 are not spatially related to planning. However, the Core Strategy includes a policy on Arts and Culture Uses. Strategic Objective CO 1.2: Fostering Vitality.
 ii. creating an outstanding Central Library fit to be a flagship for the Royal Borough; iii. delivering a varied menu of activities and events to stimulate and develop a love of reading in children of all ages; 	Policy CF7: Arts and Culture Uses.
 iv. developing a range of support for parents and carers to be major contributors to the reading and literacy development of children; v. encouraging people to read more widely, providing first steps or ways back into reading, enabling people to share their reading experiences, and signposting to other reading opportunities; 	
vi. widening the experience of adult readers and learners through access to library facilities and resources; vii. working in partnership with other services to extend the Home Library Service to all who might benefit from it;	

Community Strategy Aim	Corresponding Strategic Objective, Place, Strategic Site and Policy
viii. expanding the use of libraries as community resources.	
Aim 4: To improve the quality and accessibility of sports and leisure provision for all in the borough and encourage participation in physical activities by:	The following Core Strategy objectives, policies and visions covers all aspects of Aim 4 of Culture, Arts and Leisure, with the exception of points i,iii, v, vi and ix which are not a spatial issues.
i. increasing levels of physical activity in Kensington and Chelsea;	Strategic Objective CO 1.1: Keeping Life Local.
ii. improving the provision of sports and play	Strategic Objective CO 1.4: An Engaging Public Realm.
facilities;	Policy CK1: Social and Community Facilities.
iii. promoting physical activity as a means of improving quality of life and wellbeing – especially	Policy CK2: Local Shopping Facilities.
for children, young people, the elderly and the disabled – through further developing the Kensington and Chelsea Sport & Physical Activity	Policy CK3: Walkable Neighbourhoods and Neighbourhood Facilities.
Network (CSPAN);	Policy CR1: Street Network.
iv. ensuring that a range of public and private venues are used for physical activity, including	Policy CR3: Street and Outdoor Life.
parks, leisure centres, youth clubs and schools;	Policy CR5: Parks, Gardens, Open Spaces and
v. providing a good quality of service in safe and well run facilities;	Waterways.
vi. providing encouragement, expertise, advice and support to service providers and deliverers of local sport;	
vii. ensuring that services are accessible to all;	
viii. examining how sport provision in the south of the borough can be improved;	
ix. using the London 2012 Games to better promote and engage residents in increased and continuing physical activity and wellbeing.	
Aim 5: To improve the quality and accessibility of all	The following Core Strategy objectives, policies and visions covers all aspects of Aim 5 of Culture,
public open spaces within the borough by:	Arts and Leisure, with the exception of points ii & v which are not a spatial issues.
i. providing high quality parks and open spaces that all people can use;	Strategic Objective CO 1.4: An Engaging Public Realm.
ii. promoting the use of parks and open spaces by local communities, and involving people in	Strategic Objective CO 1.7: Respecting Environmental Limits.
decisions about what their local parks should be like and in looking after them;	Policy CR5: Parks, Gardens, Open Spaces and Waterways.

Community Strategy Aim	Corresponding Strategic Objective, Place, Strategic Site and Policy
 iii. providing spaces for relaxation, recreation and exercise and making parks feel safe for everyone to enjoy; iv. using good quality design and materials to improve and maintain the borough's parks and open spaces; v. exploring opportunities to make better use of green spaces within or adjoining the borough that are currently managed by other organisations. 	Policy CR6: Trees and Landscaping. Policy CE4: Biodiversity.
Safer Communities	
 Aim 1: To ensure that residents are, and feel, secure in their homes and daily lives by: i. reducing: a. numbers of serious acquisitive crimes, including street crimes, domestic burglaries and motor-vehicle crimes; 	The following Core Strategy objectives, policies and visions covers all aspects of Aim 1 of Safer Communities, with the exception of points i, iii, iv, v & vii which are not a spatial issues. Strategic Objective CO 1.4: An Engaging Public Realm.
 b. numbers of serious violent crimes, including domestic violence and offences that involve the use of knives or guns; c. incidents of disorder and antisocial behaviour; d. non-accidental fires and malicious hoax calls to the Fire and Rescue Service. ii. providing dedicated, ward based, local policing teams across the borough through the Safer Neighbourhoods initiative and increasing the engagement of local people in the process; iii. increasing the number of visible enforcement officers patrolling the streets of the borough to tackle street crime; iv. reducing the likelihood of residents and visitors becoming victims of crime and disorder through target-hardening measures, regular awareness campaigns and encouraging individual responsibility for personal community safety; v. coordinating enforcement, social care and housing responses to reduce antisocial behaviour associated with "Street Populations" – rough sleeping, street drinking, begging and the posting of prostitute cards in telephone boxes; 	Strategic Objective CO 1.5: Renewing the Legacy. Policy CR1: Street Network. Policy CR4: Streetscape. Policy CL1: Context and Character. Policy CL2: New Buildings, Extensions and Modification to Existing Buildings.

Community Strategy Aim	Corresponding Strategic Objective, Place, Strategic Site and Policy
vi. improving processes for designing out crime when any changes to the built environment are being considered;	
vii. improving support for vulnerable adults and children at risk of becoming victims;	
viii. improving partnership work with private and social landlords to tackle domestic burglary and antisocial behaviour.	
Aim 2: To catch and convict more offenders, stop them from re offending and ensure that victims are properly supported by:	Aim 2 of Safer Communities is not a spatial issue.
i. focusing attention on catching and convicting those responsible for disproportionate amounts of crime in the borough through the successful management of the Prolific and Priority Offenders Scheme;	
ii. adopting a tough stance on domestic violence by implementing a positive arrest policy for alleged perpetrators of such violence and protecting and supporting victims;	
iii. reducing opportunities for stolen and counterfeit goods to be sold in the borough;	
iv. increasing the proportion of offences where offenders are detected and caught;	
 w. improving the use of public and private CCTV systems to prevent crime and disorder, provide intelligence and assist enforcement; 	
vi. making effective use of a range of interventions to tackle antisocial behaviour with the aim of reducing the number of incidents reported to the police and the level of residents perception of antisocial behaviour;	
vii. engaging more effectively with the business community to prevent crimes on their premises through the Business Crime Reduction Partnership;	
viii. developing the use of volunteers in schemes to prevent crime and disorder, provide intelligence and assist enforcement;	
ix. developing a better understanding of crime and disorder in Kensington and Chelsea and more effective joint working between local partners and with neighbouring boroughs;	

Community Strategy Aim	Corresponding Strategic Objective, Place, Strategic Site and Policy
x. improving support for victims both at the time they report an offence and afterwards.	
Aim 3: To tackle the use of illegal drugs and the misuse of alcohol by:	Aim 3 of Safer Communities is not a spatial issue.
 increasing the number of drug using offenders who sign up to and complete effective drug treatment programmes; 	
ii. disrupting the sale of drugs in the borough and contributing to London-wide action to reduce wholesale drugs markets;	
iii. continuing to close down crack houses quickly;	
iv. developing effective education programmes for young people about avoiding the harm caused by cannabis and other illegal drugs and the misuse of alcohol;	
v. encouraging responsible behaviour by those who manage pubs and clubs to prevent drug and alcohol problems on and near their premises – through extension of the Best Bar None initiative to all areas across the borough – and taking action against licensees who do not;	
vi. taking effective action to tackle street drinking problems;	
vii. continuing to provide education and, where appropriate, enforcement to tackle the sale of alcohol to children.	
Aim 4: To reduce the number of young people involved in crime and disorder either as victims or perpetrators by:	Aim 4 of Safer Communities is not a spatial issue.
i. publicising the many examples of positive work undertaken by young people in the borough;	
ii. continuing to develop effective community safety education programmes for young people to prevent them becoming victims, offenders or substance misusers;	
iii. parents to take responsibility for the behaviour of their children and where necessary, providing adequate and timely support to help them to do so through the Parenting Programme offered by the Youth Offending Team;	

Community Strategy Aim	Corresponding Strategic Objective, Place, Strategic Site and Policy
iv. providing a youth service for all young people who live, study or work in the borough that also identifies those at risk of becoming offenders;	
v. identifying young people who show signs of developing antisocial or offending behaviour at an early age, working with them so that they stay out of trouble, and imposing penalties if they fail to do so;	
vi. promoting a consistent and effective approach to tackling offending behaviour in schools, through the Police Schools Involvement Team and dedicated Safer Neighbourhood Team Officers;	
vii. providing effective support and diversionary activities for those at risk of becoming offenders and/or getting involved in any type of gang activity and dealing effectively with those who are already offending;	
viii. reducing the number of children and young people in the care of the Council who become involved in crime and disorder;	
ix. seeking punishments for young offenders from the many different options available to the courts, (including restorative justice) that are most likely to stop or reduce their offending, and in particular their repeat offending behaviour;	
x. providing support for young victims of crime.	
Health and Social Care	
Aim 1: To improve and protect the overall health of the local population and reduce inequalities in health by:	Aim 1 of Health and Social Care is not a spatial issue.
i. reducing the number of premature deaths caused by the main killers – cancer, heart disease and stroke;	
ii. addressing our public health priorities: smoking, physical activity, nutrition, drugs and alcohol, mental health, sexual health – and the wider determinants of health;	
iii. safeguarding the public's health, ensuring that it is not put at risk by poor food retailing, dangerous working practices or the sale of dangerous or inappropriate goods; and joint planning to prepare for emergencies;	

Community Strategy Aim	Corresponding Strategic Objective, Place, Strategic Site and Policy
iv. protecting vulnerable adults from harm or neglect;	
v. ensuring compliance with the smoke free legislation and through this, reducing the burden of tobacco related ill health.	
Aim 2: To improve the experience of patients, carers and users of local health and social care services and offer greater choice of services by: i. increasing the choices that local people have about where, when and how they access health care;	The following Core Strategy objectives, policies and visions covers all aspects of Aim 2 of Health and Social Care, with the exception of points ii, iii, iv & v which are not spatial issues. Strategic Objective CO 1.1: Keeping Life Local.
ii. ensuring that people are able to make an informed choice about care and treatment options and that information on making healthier choices and making the best use of services is accessible to all;	Policy CK1: Social and Community Uses.
iii. making services more responsive to the needs of users, offering people greater choice and control by providing self directed support options such as Individual Budgets, and an opportunity to choose between different services and providers wherever possible, including support to access user led organisations;	
iv. working hard with local communities to improve our understanding of the service needs of the borough's residents;	
v. listening to users' experiences and expectations of our services and responding to these;	
vi. ensuring the safety of patients and service users through using processes and working practices that prevent or reduce the risk of harm.	
Aim 3: Work to increase residents' choice and control to improve their independence and quality of life by:	The following Core Strategy objectives, policies and visions covers all aspects of Aim 3 of Health and Social Care, with the exception of points i, ii, iii & iv which are not spatial issues.
i. continuing to ensure information, advice and support is made available to all people and their families, to help them secure appropriate good quality services;	Strategic Objective CO 1.6: Diversity of Housing. Policy CH2: Diversity of Housing.
ii. improving the support offered to people to secure appropriate gainful education, employment, or volunteering opportunities;	

Community Strategy Aim	Corresponding Strategic Objective, Place, Strategic Site and Policy
iii. continuing to explore the benefits of new technologies in promoting the independence and managing the risks of vulnerable people living in the community;	
iv. providing information and support to carers, including young carers so that their quality of life, and their relationship with the person being cared for, are maintained;	
v. maximising people's independence and ability to manage their own lives.	
Aim 4: To improve the quality and access offered by local health and social care services by:	The following Core Strategy objectives, policies and visions covers all aspects of Aim 4 of Health and Social Care, with the exception of points ii, iii,
i. ensuring that services are equitably provided to the whole population, and reducing any inequalities	v & vi which are not spatial issues.
in access to the quality of services:	Strategic Objective CO 1.1: Keeping Life Local.
ii. ensuring that, when they need them, patients, users and carers receive services as promptly and conveniently as possible including effective "out-of-hours" services;	Policy CK1: Social and Community Uses.
iii. increasing the number of drug and alcohol misusers entering and completing drug and alcohol treatment programmes and then staying free from drug and alcohol misuse;	
iv. providing suitable outreach and early intervention services for people with mental health problems, appropriate mental health crisis services for all people who need them, and a comprehensive mental health service for families, children and adolescents;	
v. increasing the attention paid by health and social care to the physical health of people with learning disabilities and mental health problems;	
vi. working with community and voluntary sector organisations to engage with service users and potential users (especially those who are hardest to reach) to enable them to improve their own health and to influence the ways in which services are delivered to them;	
vii. successfully delivering major new health and care facilities in the borough.	

Community Strategy Aim	Corresponding Strategic Objective, Place, Strategic Site and Policy
Aim 5: To support children and young people to stay safe and be healthy by:	Although Aim 5 of Health and Social Care is not a spatial issue, the specific points included in Aim
i. halting the year on year rise in childhood obesity;	5 are not spatially related to planning. However, the Core Strategy includes strategic objectives
ii. improving food, nutrition and oral health in deprived communities;	and policies in relation to Keeping Life Local, Better Travel Choices and An Engaging Public Realm which all encourage active travel.
iii. improving access to sexual health services and enabling young people to make positive choices;	
iv. increasing the number of children immunised;	
v. encouraging and supporting children to have healthy lifestyles and not smoke, drink alcohol or take illegal drugs;	
vi. developing joint child and adolescent mental health services;	
vii. ensuring that all partners continue to work together effectively to protect children from harm;	
viii. continuing to provide excellent services to support and safeguard vulnerable children and those in greatest need;	
ix. developing a borough wider offer of parenting support accessible for all parents who live in the borough or use our services, and ensure the effective assessment and referral within schools of young people and families who have additional needs;	
x. improve outcomes for every looked after child.	
Homes and Housing	
Aim 1: To improve the quality of housing across all tenures by:	The following Core Strategy objectives, policies and visions covers all aspects of Aim 1 of Homes and Housing, with the exception of points iii which
 achieving the Decent Homes standard for all Council properties; 	is not spatial issue.
ii. reducing the number of non-decent private sector	Strategic Objective CO 1.6: Diversity of Housing.
homes occupied by vulnerable households;	Policy CH1: Housing Targets.
iii. supporting owner occupiers on low incomes to access grants so that they can maintain and renovate their homes to be accessible and more energy efficient;	Policy CH2: Housing Diversity.
	Policy CH3: Protection of Residential Uses.
iv. regulating the use of Houses in Multiple Occupation (HMO s) to improve standards in the poorest quality properties;	

Community Strategy Aim	Corresponding Strategic Objective, Place, Strategic Site and Policy
v. negotiating larger internal space standards on new affordable housing schemes delivered through planning agreements.	
 Aim 2: To increase the type and number of homes to build mixed, balanced and sustainable communities by: i. encouraging developers to adopt the Lifetime Homes standard in all new developments; ii. increasing the percentage of vulnerable people achieving independent living; iii. producing a housing strategy for older people that will meet the challenge of older people's accommodation; iv. implementing the Crowding and Space Enforcement Policy to tackle overcrowding; v. minimising the number of vacant properties in the borough and bringing empty homes back into use vi. increasing the net additional homes provided and increasing the gross number of affordable ownership 	The following Core Strategy objectives, policies and visions covers all aspects of Aim 2 of Homes and Housing, with the exception of points ii which is not spatial issue. Strategic Objective CO 1.6: Diversity of Housing. Policy CH1: Housing Targets. Policy CH2: Housing Diversity. Policy CH3: Protection of Residential Uses. Policy CH4: Estate Renewal.
and intermediate rent schemes.	
 Aim 3: To provide a range of housing options to prevent homelessness and promote mobility by: i. continuing progress towards the Government's target to halve the number of households in temporary accommodation by 2010; ii. preventing homelessness through high quality housing advice; iii. increasing the number of private sector placements through the rent deposit scheme; iv. continuing to develop innovative and creative housing and support options to meet a range of housing needs; v. increasing mobility through out of borough and out of London schemes. 	Aim 3 of Homes and Housing is not a spatial issue.

Community Strategy Aim	Corresponding Strategic Objective, Place, Strategic Site and Policy
Aim 4: To ensure continuous improvement in the delivery and performance of housing and support services by:	Aim 4 of Homes and Housing is not a spatial issue.
i. improving local authority tenants' satisfaction with landlord services;	
ii. delivering high quality and well planned housing and support services for vulnerable people, that complement existing care services;	
iii. improving the time taken to respond to requests for environmental health services;	
iv. working with private sector housing providers to improve their performance through landlord accreditation schemes and stricter quality checks controls.	
Aim 5: To improve the energy efficiency of dwellings and encourage sustainable development by:	The following Core Strategy objectives, policies and visions covers all aspects of Aim 5 of Homes and Housing, with the exception of points iii which is not spatial issue.
i. improving the energy efficiency of local authority housing stock;	Strategic Objective CO 1.6: Diversity of Housing.
ii. improving the energy efficiency of dwellings inhabited by residents claiming income based benefits;	Strategic Objective CO 1.7: Respecting Environmental Limits.
iii. tackling fuel poverty through implementing the Affordable Warmth Strategy;	Policy CH1: Housing Targets. Policy CH2: Housing Diversity.
iv. utilising previously developed land that has been vacant or derelict for more than five years;	Policy CH3: Protection of Residential Uses. Policy CH4: Estate Renewal.
v. progressing toward meeting the Government target that all new homes in England will be carbon neutral by 2016.	Policy CE1: Climate Change.
Community, Equality and Inclusivity	
Aim 1: To improve the ways that partners inform, communicate with, consult and involve residents by:	Aim 1 of Community, Equality and Inclusivity is not a spatial issue.
i. improving and diversifying ways of communicating with residents and service users to take account of their different needs and language abilities, ensuring that good practice is shared;	
ii. consulting effectively with all parts of the local community;	

Community Strategy Aim	Corresponding Strategic Objective, Place, Strategic Site and Policy
iii. providing effective information about how organisations work, the services they deliver, and the opportunities they offer for residents to get involved in and influence decision-making;	
iv. using a range of methods to gauge levels of satisfaction with	
services among different groups, and supporting communities to be able and confident to access and contribute to these opportunities.	
Aim 2: To improve the relevance and accessibility of local services to residents and other service users by: i. being consistently polite, courteous and helpful	The following Core Strategy objectives, policies and visions covers point ix of Aim 2 of Community, Equality and Inclusivity, The other points are not spatial issues.
when dealing directly with the public; ii. following best practice advice from the Equality and Human Rights Commission when procuring	Strategic Objective CO 1.4: An Engaging Public Realm. Strategic Objective CO 1.5: Renewing the Legacy.
services from voluntary and private sector providers;	Strategic Objective CO 1.6: Diversity of Housing.
iii. taking account of people's diversity– in ethnicity, faith, age, gender, sexual orientation, physical, language and mental ability and so on – when delivering services and information to them;	Policy CR1: Street Network. Policy CR4: Streetscape.
iv. employing a labour force that broadly reflects the diversity of the population being served;	Policy CL1: Context and Character. Policy CL2: New Buildings, Extensions and Modification to Existing Buildings.
v. providing suitable training in diversity and equality issues for decision makers and staff at all levels;	Policy CH2: Housing Diversity.
vi. operating robust and effective complaints procedures and dealing effectively with incidents of illegal discrimination and harassment;	
vii. working together to implement voluntary and community sector codes of good practice;	
viii. adopting a strategic approach to commissioning services from the voluntary sector, involving assessing and analysing needs, identifying organisations which meet these needs and ensuring support for small organisations and flexible services which meet fluctuating need;	
ix. working in partnership to remove barriers to inclusion for disabled people;	
x. complying with the spirit as well as the letter of equalities legislation;	

Community Strategy Aim	Corresponding Strategic Objective, Place, Strategic Site and Policy
xi. improving provision of respite for parents and carers of children with disabilities, including school and holiday activities for disabled children with complex needs.	
Aim 3: To provide support to and empower communities and individuals to learn more about the borough and get involved in community life and leadership by:	The following Core Strategy objectives, policies and visions covers point i. of Aim 3 of Community, Equality and Inclusivity, The other points are not spatial issues.
i. supporting the provision of community facilities,	Strategic Objective CO 1.1: Keeping Life Local.
organisations and events particularly those that promote interaction between different communities;	Policy CK1: Social and Community Uses.
ii. supporting the Forum of Faiths to increase opportunities for cross cultural and interfaith understanding and engagement in the borough.	Policy CK3: Walkable Neighbourhoods and Neighbourhood Facilities.
iii. helping people to get the advice and information they need, such as independent welfare advice, to tackle challenges, including dealing with harassment and discrimination;	
iv. providing accurate local information to counter inaccurate and occasionally irresponsible reports in the national media;	
v. identifying and scrutinising issues of concern to residents and providing opportunities to discuss and debate service provision with those who deliver them;	
vi. supporting efforts to assist those who find it hardest to be heard, get involved or get organised;	
vii. inviting opportunities for greater collaboration with and empowerment of service users and residents;	
viii. promoting and supporting active citizenship and volunteering to widen participation in community decision making, especially among children and young people and others who are often under-represented on governing bodies;	
ix. seeking to exploit and support Government initiatives to build the capacity and infrastructure of the voluntary and community sector and resilience in communities;	

Community Strategy Aim	Corresponding Strategic Objective, Place, Strategic Site and Policy
x. maximising the opportunity for the borough's residents to be part of the official London 2012 volunteering programme, as well as boosting opportunities and raising the profile of volunteering locally.	
Achieving Potential	
 Aim 1: Ensure children and families have opportunities to enjoy and achieve by: i. providing opportunities to have fun, through easy access to a variety of high quality, enriching play opportunities that are also safe and inclusive; ii. improving educational outcomes in all Key Stages; iii. improving the education and training opportunities to 14-19 year olds; iv. increasing accessibility of and participation in learning and development, particularly for those at risk of under achievement and social exclusion; v. expanding the number of good local secondary school places. 	The following Core Strategy objectives, policies and visions covers all aspects of Aim 1 of Achieving Potential, with the exception of points i & ii, which are not spatial issues. Strategic Objective CO 1.1: Keeping Life Local. Policy CK1: Social and Community Uses. Policy CK3: Walkable Neighbourhoods and Neighbourhood Facilities.
 Aim 2: Support children and families to make a positive contribution and achieve economic well-being by: i. increasing the availability and variety of youth support services; ii. reducing the number of young people not in education, employment or training; iii. increasing the number of young people gaining accredited outcomes; iv. reducing child poverty and worklessness; v. developing innovative ways to identify children facing multiple disadvantages and increasing their aspirations and opportunities. 	The following Core Strategy objectives, policies and visions covers all aspects of Aim 2 of Achieving Potential, with the exception of points i & ii, which are not spatial issues. Strategic Objective CO 1.1: Keeping Life Local. Policy CK1: Social and Community Uses. Policy CK3: Walkable Neighbourhoods and Neighbourhood Facilities.
Work and Business	

Community Strategy Aim	Corresponding Strategic Objective, Place, Strategic Site and Policy
Aim 1: To create and maintain an attractive business environment in the borough by: i. seeking to offer a range of business, office and retail premises to suit different budgets and different needs;	The following Core Strategy objectives, policies and visions covers all aspects of Aim 1 of Work and Business, with the exception of points ii, iii, vii & x which are not spatial issues.
	Strategic Objective CO 1.2: Fostering Vitality.
ii. working with business to tackle crime, antisocial behaviour and environmental problems;	Policy CF1:Location of New Shop Uses.
iii. promoting networking between businesses;	Policy CF2: Retail Development with Town Centres.
iv. ensuring that procurement policies and practices	Policy CF3: Diversity of uses with Town Centres.
provide opportunities for local businesses to compete to provide services;	Policy CF4: Street Markets.
v. retaining existing business units and supporting	Policy CF5: Location of Business Uses.
the development of new affordable business units for business start-ups in the borough, and	Policy CF7: Arts and Culture Uses.
promoting their availability to local businesses;	Policy CF8: Hotels.
vi. recognising and seeking to meet the needs of small businesses that wish to expand within the Royal Borough;	Policy CF9: The South Kensington Strategic Cultural Area.
vii. influencing, contributing to and exploiting pan-London programmes to harness talent and creativity, drive economic growth and promote social inclusion;	
viii. continuing to protect land for employment use within the borough;	
ix. ensuring that the borough's markets remain viable and continue to contribute effectively to the economic vibrancy	
of the area by retaining the sole trader retail identity and the current diverse pattern of street stall holdings;	
x. ensuring businesses are able to harness opportunities arising from the London 2012 Olympic and Paralympic Games.	
Aim 2 : To improve the employment prospects of residents, including young people, creating opportunities and tackling barriers which make it difficult for them to gain or retain employment by:	Although Aim 2 of Community, Work and Business is a spatial issue, the specific points included in Aim 5 are not spatially related to planning. However, the Core Strategy includes strategic objectives and policies in relation to Keeping Life Local and Fostering Vitality which encourage community, work and business facilities.
i. enhancing skills and training projects for young people and other clients and strengthening networks of providers and employers to help access funding and identify clear routes into employment;	

Community Strategy Aim	Corresponding Strategic Objective, Place, Strategic Site and Policy
ii. working with JobCentre Plus, the Learning and Skills Council, the Primary Care Trust and other public and voluntary sector organisations to address the needs of unemployed and under-employed residents and promote effective links with employers within Kensington and Chelsea and in neighbouring boroughs;	
iii. ensuring that refugees have the support they need to access appropriate training and employment to enable them to become economically active, and that there are opportunities for them to convert their existing qualifications	
iv. establishing links between Connexions, the Education Business Partnership and other agencies dealing with school pupils and leavers and local and sub-regional employers' groups, including the Kensington and Chelsea Chamber of Commerce;	
v. ensuring that local people have opportunities to find out about and secure jobs with new and established local employers, including major employers such as the Council and the PCT;	
vi. developing geographically-targeted programmes in areas of the borough that have high levels of workless households involving not just clients on Job Seekers Allowance but also those on Income Support and Incapacity Benefit who wish to re-enter employment;	
vii. planning future childcare provision to help partners and carers to access training and work;	
viii. continuing to negotiate local construction training commitments as part of major new developments in the borough.	