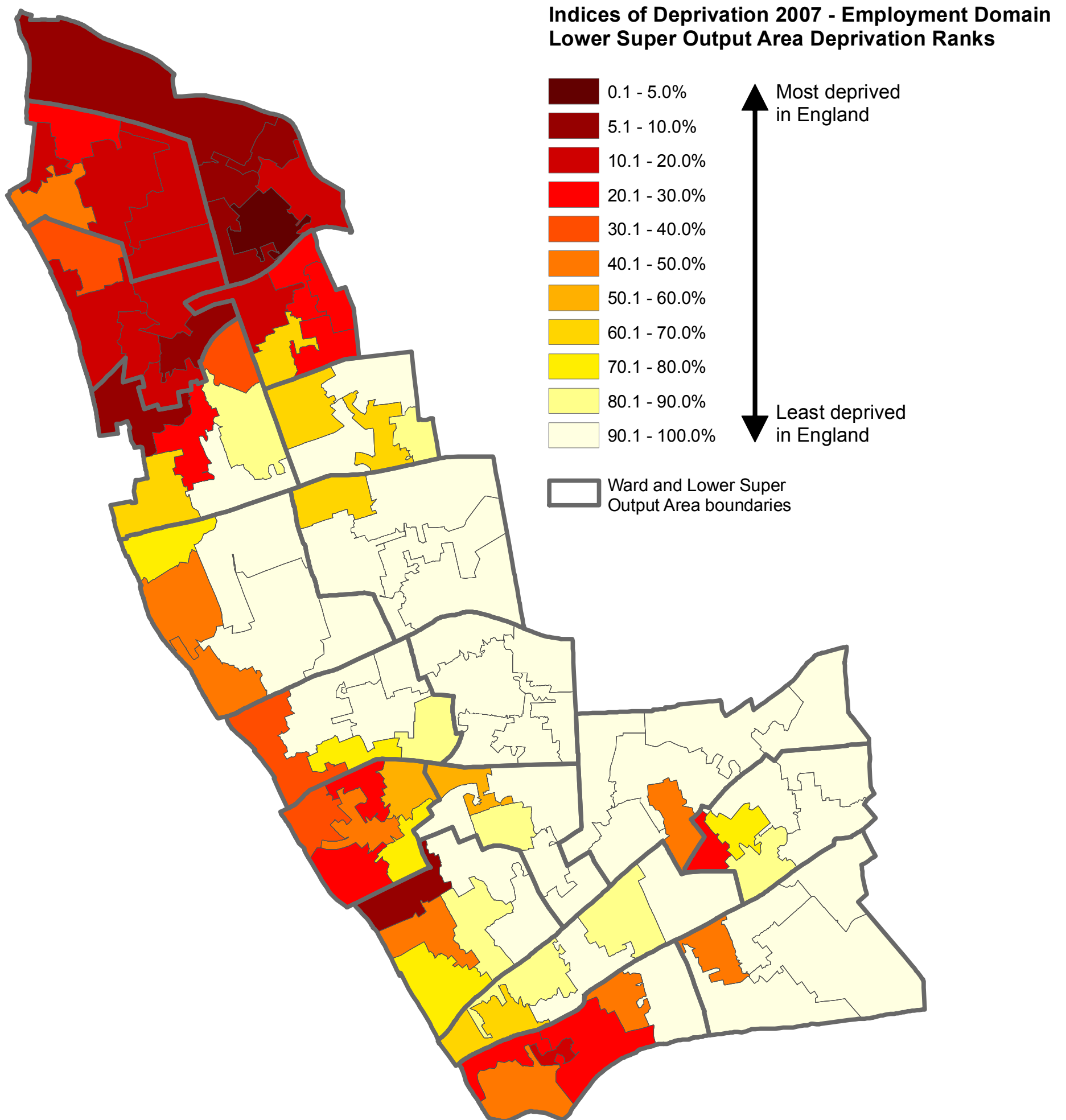


Indices of Deprivation 2007 - Employment Domain



Understanding the data

The Indices of Deprivation 2007 analyse a number of indicators to present a deprivation score, across different themes, for each small area in England. These areas are called Lower Super Output Areas (LSOA's). This allows for each area to be ranked relative to one another according to their level of deprivation.

There are seven Domain Indices of Deprivation; Income, Employment, Health Deprivation and Disability, Education, Skills and Training, Barriers to Housing and Services, Crime and Living Environment. The seven are combined to produce the Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD 2007).

There are 32,482 LSOA's in England, a ranking of 1 is most deprived and 32,482 least deprived. There are 103 LSOA's in RBKC.

Percentage bands are used in order to compare the extent of deprivation in RBKC LSOA's, to all LSOA's in England. As an example an LSOA in the banding 0.1-5.0% would be said to be within the 5% most deprived in England, 10.1-20.0% within the 20% most deprived etc.

Title: Indices of Deprivation 2007
Source: Communities and Local Government



Ref: ID7-0005
Date: January 2008
Author: Nicola Weaver
Status: Final

Policy and Partnerships Unit
The Royal Borough of Kensington and Chelsea
The Town Hall, Horton St, London, W8 7NX
020 7361 2615
nicola.weaver@rbkc.gov.uk



Reproduced from the Ordnance Survey mapping with the permission of the Controller of Her Majesty's Stationery Office. © Crown Copyright. Unauthorised reproduction infringes Crown copyright and may lead to prosecution or civil proceedings. Royal Borough of Kensington and Chelsea Licence No 100021668 (2008)